THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1872. | VOLUME IV---NUMBER 90

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JAMES M. SMITH,

OF MUSCOGEE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 2]

FOR CONGRESS:

LUTHER J. GLENN,

OF FULTON COUNTY.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

Fulton Democratic Ticket.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

CLARK HOWELL,
W. L. CALHOUN,
E. F. HOGE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 2]

FOR ORDINARY:

DANIEL PITTMAN.

FOR SHERIFF:

A. M. PERKERSON.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:

W. R. VENABLE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:

C. M. PAYNE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER:

A. G. GRIER.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR:

S. R. HOYLE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:

B. F. WALKER.

FOR CORONER:

WILLIAM KILE.

[ELECTION JANUARY 1]

FRIDAY, AFTERNOON SEPT. 27.

☞ See Interesting Reading on Fourth Page

ATLANTA, September 26, 1872.

Editors Constitution: We, the undersigned, citizens of the 5th Ward, residing on and near Marietta street, having entire confidence in the integrity and ability of John H. Goldsmith, Esq., respectfully solicit him to allow the use of his name as a candidate for Alderman from this portion of the Ward for the ensuing year.

L. Dean,	G. W. Hall,
Simmons & Hunt,	J. G. W. Mills,
W. C. Asher,	John Silvey,
J. E. Butler,	Madison Bell,
R. A. Johnson,	W. S. Withers,
W. W. McAfee,	W. L. Abbott,

and others.

Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad --The Road in Possession of a Receiver.

The Chattanooga Times has the following interesting article relative to the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad:

Yesterday morning, in accordance with the decree, of which a synopsis was given in the Times of Sunday, Judge Harrison took possession of all the property of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, at this city, including the depot, shops, track, rolling stock, etc. Inventories of the property are being made out as fast as possible, and in a few days he will be in undisturbed possession of the entire line from this city to Meridian. As soon as this is accomplished a sufficient number of men will be employed to repair the track, and the shops here will be opened and a large force of hands employed in repairing locomotive and cars.

Mr. J. C. Stanton will arrive this evening and will at once assume the duties of Superintendent, under the Receivers.

A new company has been organized, composed chiefly, we understand, of the holders of the mortgaged bonds, who have paid the State the full amount demanded, and who stand ready to take the road off the hands of the Receivers, as provided for under the decree of the court, as soon as they shall have raised and expended the $1,300,000, in repairing the road, stocking and completing it.

The first thing the Receivers will do will be to repair and stock the road. Then if they have sufficient means they will complete it by building a track around Lookout Mountain to Chattanooga, for which the right of way has been granted heretofore by the Legislature of Tennessee.

We congratulate the people of Chattanooga upon the favorable prospect thus opened to them. It is true that the floating debt, including all past dues to laborers and contractors, is lost, as the Times told them it would be, but all who have suffered a loss of their earnings will now have an opportunity to make their loss good by new business, and it is certain that while the road remained idle they never could have done even this.

We desire to make this point as plain as possible, and we repeat that no merchant, no laborer and no contractor will ever receive a single dollar now due from the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company. That debt has been wiped out utterly and completely by the adjudication in bankruptcy, in which the company itself has acquiesced, as well as Mr. J. C. Stanton, who claims to be the largest individual creditor. The old Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company is defunct. The new company which has been formed and which has purchased the road from the State of Alabama, has no legal connection with the old corporation and is not responsible for any of its debts, although many of the individuals composing it may have been members of the old company.

The decree by which the road has been placed in the hands of Receivers, with power to put it in order, is, in our opinion, one of the clearest and wisest orders that ever issued from any court. It does credit to Justice Bradley's legal acumen, and evinces a high order of sound common sense. It provides for almost every possible contingency, and affords the fullest protection to the State of Alabama and the holders of the first mortgage bonds, who are the only persons having any legal rights in the premises."

The above are the facts in regard to the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad. There is one point of the road however—that portion in Georgia—that seems to have been overlooked.

Governor Smith has this point in the hands of General Wofford as receiver, and intends to protect and hold on to Georgia's interest.

☞ Potash Farrow has attempted to frighten the Tax Collectors of the State by sending out a massive printed circular containing his opinion of the laws of Georgia relating to elections. In that opinion he threatens the Tax Collectors with arrest and trial for violating the United States laws in case they do not permit tax defaulters to vote upon the payment of the principal without the cost of tax fi. fas. We are glad to see that Messrs. Kottman and Sanford, of this county, have not been frightened by that Radical swindler, and we hope they will have him arrested and tried for attempting to intimidate officers in this State from the discharge of their duties.—*Thomasville Enterprise.*

Georgia News.

J. B. Lindley, of Powder Springs, dead. *Marietta Journal.*

The apple crop was never better in this section. There will be hundreds of bushels shipped from here this winter.—*Gainesville Eagle.*

The Rome and Cherokee Mutual Fire Insurance Company organized; W. S. Cothran, President; Rev. C. H. Stillwell, Secretary and Treasurer.—*Rome Courier.*

The Radicals have nominated for Representatives Tilliman Lowe, (colored,) P. O. Holt, (colored,) and G. Binswanger. L. B. Anderson, of Newton, nominated as the Radical candidate for Congress in the 6th District.—*Macon Enterprise.*

We have a sample of a bale of cotton shipped yesterday by Mr. J. W. Knott of this county, to St. Louis, to compete for $500 purse offered for the best bale of Georgia cotton exhibited at the St. Louis Fair. It is Peeler Cotton and was ginned on the Gullett Gin.—*Macon Telegraph and Messenger.*

We are pained to learn that Henry H. Wilkinson, about 18 or 20 years of age, son of Thomas Wilkinson, residing six or eight miles below this place, accidentally shot himself on Tuesday last, inflicting a painful if not fatal wound. He was hauling corn, and had his gun lying on top of the load, when, from some cause, it was discharged, the whole load entering his body.—*Franklin News.*

Americus organized a Greeley and Brown Club. A fatal disease is prevailing in hogs, chickens, etc. Even clothing, etc., is carried off by it. Cause, Grantism. Eph. Montgomery had on exhibition yesterday, a rattlesnake he had killed. With his head and tail cut off, he measured six feet, and supported thirteen rattles in all. He measured about eighteen inches in size in the largest part of his body. A dog that was bit by him died in a few minutes.—*Sumter Republican.*

Mr. Bee informs us that nearly five thousand persons have made returns and that one thousand five hundred have paid their taxes. There are nineteen hundred white men in Chatham county who have not paid their poll tax. James Porter, (col.) Andrew McDowell, (col.,) and William Cantivell nominated by Grant's beef eaters for the Legislature. Bradley called Bryant a liar and they passed but didn't fight.—*Savannah News.*

Green B. Holcombe, who was confined in jail at this place, from White county, for numerous crimes, made his escape on Sunday evening last, about dark, by rushing past the jailor as the door was opened. Nothing has been heard from him since. The Republican Convention which was to assemble at this place, to-day, to nominate a candidate for Congress, didn't assemble. We are informed, through a misunderstanding, one portion of the delegates went to Gainesville and the other came here. Delegates were from Hall, Morgan, Gilmer and Hart counties, numbering, all told, about ten.—*Dahlonega Signal.*

P. R. Talliaferro, Esq., and Dr. W. G. McBride, have been nominated by the Democracy of Washington county as candidates for Representatives in the Legislature. Several planters in this section think they will finish picking cotton by the 1st of October. Perfect unanimity and harmony exist among the Democrats of Dougherty county. They are entering into the campaign with a will. A large crowd of colored men were in attendance on the meeting of the Young Men's Greeley and Brown Club, on Wednesday night last. House rents and store-room rents have fallen to very low figures since last October.—*Albany Central City.*

B. F. Wofford nominated by the Democrats of Murray county for the Legislature. Col. J. A. R. Hanks, who has been a long time afflicted with chronic sore eyes, has returned home from the mountains of Tennessee much improved, and is very sanguine of an entire recovery very soon. We learn that the Solicitor General of the Cherokee Circuit can make an egg stand on its little end, without resorting to the Columbus swindle of breaking it. The amount of freights from the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad, is very heavy just now. The average number of cars leaving on the State Road, heavily loaded with freight for points below this, is about fifty per day, the agent of the latter road tells us.—*Dalton Citizen.*

On last Friday evening while Mrs. Jane Beavers, wife of Judge R. C. Beavers of this place, was returning from a visit to Campbellton, in company with Mrs. Wooddall, the gear of the horse in the rear, which was driven by Mrs. Wooddall, became disarranged while coming down a steep hill near town, and the buggy running against Mrs. Beavers', frightening her horse, which ran away and threw Mrs. Beavers from the buggy, breaking her left arm and bruising her in a dreadful manner. At first she was thought to be fatally injured, but we are glad to learn that she is gradually recovering. On last Friday night Mr. J. T. Brogdon was under arrest at this place, charged with the offense of stealing cattle in Fayette county, he escaped from the officer who had him in charge and took to the woods. A pack of dogs was soon procured and placed on the track, and a warm race of a couple hours ensued. The fugitive entered a large swamp and the dogs pursued so closely that he made for the Fayetteville road about two miles from town. He is now in Fayetteville jail awaiting his trial. We regret to learn that Mrs. Mary Scogin, wife of Wiley Scogin, died at her home in Villa Rica at 10 o'clock the 7th instant. Mrs. Scogin was in the 73d year of her age, and had been a member of the Baptist Church 38 years.—*Fairburn Wolf.*

Politics in Walton County.

MONROE, WALTON CO., GA., Sept. 24th.

The delegates to the Democratic County Convention met to-day in Monroe for the purpose of nominating a candidate for representative in the next Legislature. C. L. Bowie was chairman, and Wm. H. Stroud and Wm. H. Hill were secretaries. The names of Hugh A. Carithers, Dr. W. S. R. Hardman and Major Henry D. McDaniel were before the convention. On the second ballot, Major McDaniel received the requisite majority, and was unanimously nominated. A committee waited upon him, and conducted him to the Court House, where he addressed the convention and citizens, accepting the nomination.

Colonel James H. Blount, Democratic candidate for Congress in this District, being present next addressed the people. The proceedings were harmonious, and the result satisfactory to the people in the county. The proceedings were ordered to be published in the THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta Sun the Athens Watchman, and the Walton Journal. The meeting then adjourned *sine die.*

C. L. BOWIE, Chairman.
WM. H. STROUD, } Secretaries.
WM. H. HILL, }

Bits of Fun.

An Irish lover remarked that it was a great pleasure to be alone, especially when your swate-heart is wid ye!

"I believe in gcing to the bottom of things" as the schoolmarm said when she laid a refractory pupil over he knee.

A farmer, when flagellating two of his unruly boys was asked what he was doing. "Thrashing wild oats!" was his reply.

"What shall I do to keep warm?" asked a shivering, slight-dressed lady. "I don't know," said a solemn Quaker, "unless thee puts on another breastpin!"

A person who was sent to prison for marrying two wives, excused himself by saying that when he had one she fought him, but when he got two they fought each other.

A maiden lady, alluding to her youthful accomplishments, said that at six months of age she went alone. A malicious individual present remarked: "Yes, and you have been going alone ever since."

A gentleman traveling on a steamer, one day, at dinner, was making way with a large pudding close by, when he was told by a servant that it was dessert. "It matters not to me," said he, "I would eat it if it was a wilderness!"

A good story is told of a German shoemaker in Utica, who, having made a pair of boots for a gentleman of whose financial integrity he had considerable doubt, made the following reply to him when he called for the articles: "De poos ish not quite done, but der beel is made out."

STANLEY'S AFRICAN.

What the Primitive Sambo Thinks of Sunday.

Correspondence Cincinnati Commercial.]

In calling at Mr. Stanley's lodgings, which are at a private hotel in Duchess street, a few evenings ago, I had a sensation, such as I imagine Poe's student must have had when opening his door in response to the gentle tapping, he found "darkness there and nothing more." Presently out of this darkness there came, if not a raven, a boy as black as a raven. He was so black—this little negro—that for a time I only saw his buttons, for he now appears in all that glory of gilt buttons, fixed in a row down his breast, which is the livery of London door-opening boys. To my inquiry for Mr. Stanley, the boy, who is about eleven years of age, ejaculated the word "Gone." He then suspected that he had not made himself understood, and, showing a row of white teeth outdazzling the row of buttons, he ran to the front of the porch, and, with an expressive pantomime, ejaculated the word "out." I at once recognized him as the servant whom Stanley has brought back with him, and who appears now in every photographer's window. I could not but deplore his investment in a civilized costume, as he is much better looking in the photographer's garb, even though his appearance in it might be such as would lead the Cincinnati ladies to indict him as a rude "nuisance." However, I proceeded to interview him. His limited knowledge of the English language, or my imperfection in Zanzibarese, made the process difficult, but he kindly called to our aid a servant maid, who had managed to invent some method of communicating with him. Not the least remarkable fact, by the way, about Mr. Stanley, is the rapidity with which he acquired the language of the African tribes with whom he has mingled. He converses with this boy with the utmost ease, and tells me that after he had been out there a month he found the language no difficulty whatever. But to return to the lad whom the servant maid called Colonna, but who was little suggestive of a column or of the noble Roman who bore that name. He began to sing a merry song, and his feet showed an inclination to keep time to his music. It was Sunday evening, and the servant maid, being of a pious frame of mind, rebuked this, and uttered the word "Sunday" with a sternness which would have given some of your neighbors pleasure, even on that pleasureless day. "Oh, ah," sighed Colonna; "Sunday, Sunday, Sunday." "I fear," remarked I, "that Colonna will not get to like Sunday much. Can you ask him if he likes Sunday?" The girl, after a little, managed to make him understand the question, whereupon the little negro rolled up the whites of his eyes, lifted up his hands, groaned loudly, and gave the most ludicrous imitation of a parson praying. "He has been to church," said the servant-maid sadly. "Evidently," I said. "Ask him if he likes Monday." This question being also worked into his mind, the boy's countenance brightened. "Ah, Monday," he said, at once beginning to dance, accompanying himself, his fingers performing on an imaginary flageolet. He was just getting noisy when the pious maid again rebuked him with the word "Sund-y," and down he sank again. After remaining silent a minute, he said "bed." Then she said, "Say good-night to the gentlemen." The boy bowing low said, "Go-night to gounelum," and so ended the interview.

Here I may remark that the tone of Livingstone's letters has been a bitter pill for the orthordox here to swallow, and they would have been very glad if they could have been proved forgeries. Dr. Livingstone was sent out as a missionary, and that he should even for a moment, think of "rounded limbs" instead of lost souls, or think more of the ruins wrought by the slave kidnappers than that wrought by Satan, fills them with despondency and surprise. M. D. C.

From the New York Sun.

WHAT THE CANVASS MEANS.

A South Carolinian Describing the Reign of Terror and Fraud as he has seen it—A Great Meeting.

The Hon. Ellison S. Keitt, of South Carolina, followed, and substantially said:

My Friends: I come from the far-off South, which has been ground down into the dust by Grant's tyrannical rule, to ask your support for Horace Greeley and B. Gratz Brown as the next President and Vice-President of the United States; Horace Greeley, the great peacemaker, the author of reconciliation, a true and honest man, who dares to do right and has the confidence of the entire people of this country. The gubernatorial chair of South Carolina is polluted by a thieving adventurer from Ohio, Robert C. Scott. A committee who were appointed to investigate the financial affairs of the State by the Legislature reported that Scott and Barker, the Treasurer, had fraudulently issued over $6,000,000 of bonds. A resolution was submitted to the Legislature impeaching Scott and Barker. These two carpet-baggers had the effrontery to buy up the Legislature, who not only screened them from the law, but legalized the bonds.

Scott armed the negroes, and on the eve of election caused ball cartridges to be distributed among them as if on the eve of battle, but he would not allow the whites even to carry a weapon. One company met a poor white man and shot him down in cold blood, and this arming of the negroes has been the cause of all the troubles in Union county.

They took possession of the town of Chester and boasted that they would kill all the white men in that town and dance on their graves.

Out of three hundred and eighty-five convicts sent to the penitentiaries of the State, Scott has pardoned three hundred.

The Legislature of South Carolina is composed of one hundred and sixty-five members, of whom one hundred are negroes.

Base and low as it may seem, a room is actually set apart in the State Capitol of South Carolina for a faro bank. The doors of the legislative halls at Columbia are thrown open to the most worthless and debased creatures, who hob-nob with the members and act most disgracefully. The expense of this branch of the government last year was $1,400,000.

By their mismanagement and frauds they have increased the debt of the State from $6,000,000 to $30,000,000. The poorer classes have been so oppressed by the taxes and demands of this terrible bayonet rule that not only have the officers of the law taken their last cent of money, but they have even been forced to sell their last milch cow to satisfy their greed at sheriff's sale.

The judiciary of the State could not be more vile or corrupt. If there is a grog shop or faro bank in the town it is in their houses. Every one is on the verge of bankruptcy, our asylums for the insane are supported by private charity, our State prison is supported by hiring out the services of the convicts to work on the farms and plantations, and our schools are closed.

If any one should be unfortunate enough to give offense to those in power, there is no earthly chance of his escaping the severest punishment, no matter whether he be innocent or guilty.

These, my friends, are some of the reasons why we of the South implore you to give your suffrages for Greeley and Brown. We of the South, whose homes have been desolated by this rule, now beg of you to vote for reconciliation and peace, and we give you the higher, stronger evidence that we are in earnest by heartily supporting Horace Greeley and the Cincinnati platform. [Tremendous applause.]

Now, my friends, the two sections of the country are pinned together by bayonet. By the election of Horace Greeley we shall be once more reunited by the principles of brotherly love and mutual esteem. All we ask is that the government of the South may be in honest hands. Capital and labor will then have a chance to restore the most beautiful and fruitful country in the Union to its pristine strength. [Loud and prolonged applause.]

WHAT NEXT?—The Radicals of Arkansas are holding up Greeley to the freedmen as a negro trader and whipper, and one venerable Quitee declared Mass Horace had "popped him many a time." In Georgia they are humbugging our colored friends by declaring, if elected, Mr. Greeley will hire out their children and pocket their wages. It is by such disreputable devices that unscrupulous demagogues hope to consolidate the negro vote for Grant.—*Georgia Herald.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Willis B. Matchen, Senator from Kentucky.

Warehouse Burned---Loss $175,000.

Forrester Gone to the Penitentiary.

Uncle Sam's Soldiers Fighting Eachother.

The Ring Trials In New York.

Policy of France Towards Germany.

National Colored Convention.

Terrible Railroad Accident on the W. & W. R. R.

More About the Burning of the Ohio Lunatic Asylum.

Interesting Foreign Miscellaney.

Financial and Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 27.—It is stated that Willis B. Machen succeeds the Senator from Kentucky.

BOSTON, MASS., September 27.—McInnes & Co., warehouse was burned to-day. Loss $175,0000.

NEW YORK, September 27.—Forrester has left for the Illinois Penitentiary la irons.

Michael Guring killed his wife and then cut his throat.

Two companies of the Third Regiment had a fierce fight on the Harlem road. Two were killed and 24 wounded. They were on their way to drill and drank too much.

The ring trials are expected to take place in Oyer and Terminer before Judge John R. Brady. It is supposed that Mayor Hall's case will be brought on first.

A Paris correspondent who interviewed Gambetta, reports him as saying that the National Assembly has been so beaten and bullied by Thiers, that it has become simply the register of the President's will. Thiers, he says, does not represent either country or assembly, consequently, between them, the country is not represented at all. He predicts that on the re-assemblage of the Assembly it will dissolve itself of sheer dispair in any contingency. Republican is now the only possible government for France. Thiers, he thinks upholds Replon's policy, and will accordingly receive the support of Republicans of the country, while he thinks France meditates no war with Germany. He says: She will by her Republican greatness become so influential as to sweep the rotten German Empire from the face of the earth by peaceful means.

LOUISVILLE, KY., September 27.—The National Colored Convention adopted the platform indorsing the Cincinnati platform and nominees, and adopted resolutions denouncing the villainy of rulers who foisted themselves upon the Southern States, and by most unblushing cupidity reduced the people thereof of both races to the condition of the poverty by which half a century of prosperity cannot redeem, and nominated Greeley and Brown for President and Vice President. Adjourned *sine die.*

WILMINGTON, N. C., September 27.—Three cars of the down express train on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad ran off the track between Everettsville and Dudley last night. The ladies' car and the sleeping car were precipitated down an embankment, the former turning upside down. A considerable number of passengers were slightly and two or three severely injured, but none dangerously hurt.

Mrs. M. A. Walker, of Montgomery, Ala., was severely bruised about the body. Mr. Chambers, of New Orleans, was painfully hurt on the head and back. Col. Cleary, of Augusta, Ga., had his ankle severely sprained, and his wife a severe contusion of her forehead. Those severely wounded are here, and physicians express the opinion that all will soon recover.

The accident is supposed to have been caused by a broken rail. The absence of fatal results is considered almost miraculous. The sleeping car fell over a trestle work about twenty feet into the stream below.

CLEVELAND, O., September 27.—Five citizens were lost at the burning of the Northern Ohio Lunatic Asylum. All the lunatics are supposed to have been saved, although several were missing.

PHILADELPHIA, September 27.—Grant gave a reception last night. In the evening the merchants who had held a mass meeting at Concert Hall serenaded the President, and in reply to calls he responded as follows:

"Gentlemen, and merchants of Philadelphia: You have made much better speeches to-night than I could make if I were so inclined. I am very glad to see you, and am pleased to hear that you have been to hear such fine speeches, and how you have been engaged to-night."

READING, PENN., September 27.—The people are alarmed by the threatened fight between opposition railroads. One thousand police have been ordered to the spot.

LONDON, ENG., September 27.—Robert Lowe visited Glasgow yesterday, and received from the municipal authorities the freedom of the city. In his speech returning thanks for the honor, Mr. Lowe alluded to the result of the Geneva arbitration. He expresses the opinion that the Americans had come out of the struggle very much irritated; but England's object was not to gain a legal triumph, and she acted, therefore, not as a litigant, but as a friend. The money due should be paid without a murmur or delay.

DUBLIN, IRELAND, September 27.—At a recent meeting of the Roman Catholic Bishops in Maynooth, although Archbishop Cullen opposed the principle of the home rule, the majority of the bishops voted in favor of it.

MATAMORAS, MEXICO, September 27.—The merchants here have accepted the proposition of loaning the government $80,000 and secure the extension of the old tariff for thirty days, the merchants guaranteeing sufficient importations within that time to cover the amount in duty.

HAVRE, FRANCE, September 27.—Fire broke out on board the steamship Helvetia, from London for New York, on the 21st while she was laying at this port. It was quickly extinguished. Damage trifling.

PARIS, FRANCE, September 27.—Elections have been ordered for the 10th of October, in Algiers, Coivados and other districts, to fill vacancies in the General Assembly.

Immigration from Alsace and Lorraine continues and is increasing.

MADRID, SPAIN, September 27.—Figurals has been elected President of the Senate.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 27.—Cotton quiet; uplands 18¾, Orleans 19¼; sales 449 bales

Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn quiet and firm. Pork quiet at $14 05a14 10. Lard steady; steam 8¾a9 1-16. Turpentine steady at 63¼a64. Rosin quiet at $4 50 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks firmer. Money firm at 7. Gold heavy at 18¾. Exchange—long 7¾; short 9. Governments dull and steady. State bonds quiet.

LONDON, September 27, noon.—Consols 92¾ for 92¼.

FRANKFORT, September 27.—Bonds 94.

PARIS, September 27.—Rentes 83f 65c.

LIVERPOOL, September 27, noon.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 10,000 bales; sales of the week 74,000; export 15,000; speculation 5,000; stock 750,000; American 139,000; receipts 24,000; American 7,000; actual export 10,000; afloat 190,000; American 7,000.

LATER—Cotton steady; sales 14,000 bales; speculation and export 4,000.

Breadstuffs steady.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, }
ATLANTA, Sept. 27, 1 o'clock, P. M. }

Trade is active with no quotable change in prices.

Cotton is easier at 18 cents. Receipts for yesterday and to-day foot up 400 bales.

EXCHANGE.—Buying at par; selling ¼ premium.

FINANCIAL.—Money market stringent; we quote money at 1½ per month. Gold buying at 112; selling at 114. Silver buying at 106; selling at 110.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 72a74; 7s 82a84; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 73a75; 8s 83a85. Augusta 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock 94a96; Georgia Railroad bonds, 96a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 90a93; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock 96a98. Atlanta National Bank stock 120.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 23; chickens 22½a25; country butter 25a30.

FLOUR.—Fancy $9 50; extra family $8 50a8 75; family $8 00a8 25; superfine $5 50a6 50.

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 83a85; yellow and mixed 75a78. Wheat best quality $1 45a1 55; common Georgia red $1 40. Oats 55a60. Rye 1 25a$1 50. Barley $1 10a $1 15.

HAY.—Western timothy $37a38; Georgia new crop $30a35.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Quinces, 75a$1 per bushel; Sweet Potatoes $1 00 per bushel. Table Peas $1 50.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 14a14½. Coffee A 13; for Extra C 12½; Yellow C 12½; Brown 11½a13. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt $2 15; Virginia salt $3. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7½c per box. Georgia Soap Factory—5a7c per pound. Candles—full weights 21a21½. Ginger 15. Pepper 25. Corn meal 85a97. Starch 6a10. Rice 9½a 10 for tierces. Java Coffee 27a30. Rio 20a24. New Orleans syrup 70a75; Molasses—hhds. 27; bbls. 30. Cheese, factory, 14a16.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 11¼; Trion, 7-8, 11½; Augusta 7-8, 11½; Graniteville, 4-4, 13; Trion, 4-4, 13; Augusta, 4-4, 13; Graniteville, 3-4 9½; Augusta, 3-4, 9½; light osnaburgs 12½; heavy osnaburgs 17c; Yarns $1 60.

BAGGING AND TIES.—Gunny 16½; magnolia and other Western brands 17a18; double anchor and Ludlow 18. Ties 9a10.

BACON.—We quote shoulders 9½; clear sides 13; clear rib sides 12½; country hams 12½a13; S. C. hams 16½a18; plain canvass hams 14½.

BULK MEATS.—Shoulders 8½; C. R. sides 11½; clear sides 11½; long clear sides 10½.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 13½; cans, 12½ tierces, 11½.

Educational.

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GEORGIA.

THE THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 7th, 1872.

For Catalogues containing full information, address

H. H. STANSELL, D. D., or C. W. SMITH, Secretary Faculty.

aug9-dtoct7

$500,000.

THE GRAND GIFT CONCERT

A Fixed Fact!!

September 28th the Day.

Your Tickets Now or Never!!

THE vast sales of tickets already made, and the increasing demand for them from all quarters having determined the Trustees that the Grand Gift Concert for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, advertised for Saturday, September 28, 1872, shall positively come off on that day without postponement, the management now notifies all who expect to participate in the drawing that they should buy their tickets at once. Delay for a few days caused many who wanted tickets at the concert in December last to go without them. Some living in Louisville wanted until sales were closed, expecting, no doubt, a postponement, and then offered fifteen, twenty, and even twenty-five dollars for tickets which the day before were offered to purchasers at the regular price. Others living at a distance sent thousands of dollars by mail and express, which got here after sales were closed, and had to be sent back. These disappointments need not occur again if the warning now given in due season is heeded.

The drawing will begin precisely at 6 o'clock Saturday morning, September 28, 1872, in the great hall of the Public Library Building, and continue until the one thousand gifts are all drawn.

List of Gifts.

One Grand Gift, cash		$100,000
One Grand Gift, cash		50,000
One Gift, cash		25,000
One Gift, cash		20,000
One Gift, cash		15,000
One Gift, cash		10,000
One Gift, cash		9,000
One Gift, cash		8,000
One Gift, cash		7,000
One Gift, cash		6,000
One Gift, cash		5,000
One Gift, cash		4,000
One Gift, cash		3,000
4 Gifts of	$2,000 each, cash	8,000
13 Gifts of	$1,000 each, cash	13,000
30 Gifts of	$500 each, cash	15,000
21 Gifts of	$800 each, cash	16,800
23 Gifts of	$700 each, cash	17,500
25 Gifts of	$600 each, cash	15,000
45 Gifts of	$500 each, cash	22,500
50 Gifts of	$400 each, cash	20,000
70 Gifts of	$300 each, cash	21,000
100 Gifts of	$200 each, cash	20,000
613 Gifts of	$100 each, cash	61,200
Total 1,000 Gifts, all cash		$500,000

The Concert itself will be the most brilliant orchestral display that ever occurred in the West. One hundred performers, gathered from all parts of this country and from Europe, under the direction of Professor Rice, will contribute to the most magnificent carnival. And to afford ample room for every ticket-holder to enjoy such an unusual musical festival, the Concert will be given in Central Park, where arrangements have been made to accommodate all who may come.

Persons holding whole, half or quarter tickets will be admitted to both the Concert and Exercises, and none without such tickets will be admitted to either.

Price of Tickets.

Whole tickets, $10; half tickets, $5; quarter tickets, $2 50; 11 whole tickets for $100; 26 for $200; 54 for $300; 110 for $1,000; 565 for $5,000; 975 for $9,000. No discount on less than $100 worth of tickets at a time.

In accordance with numerous solicitations, arrangements have been made with all the railroad and steamboat lines leading into the city for the sale of round trip tickets good for six days to all persons who may wish to attend the Concert or Drawing. Such tickets will be furnished by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington railroad, the Louisville, Nashville and Memphis railroads, the Louisville and Cincinnati Packet Line, and the Louisville, Owensboro' and Henderson Mail Line Packets.

All agents are required to close sales and make their returns in full time to reach this office by Thursday, September 26. To do this successfully there should be great fidelity and close sales days before the 26th.

All tickets to which gifts are awarded will be paid without discount by the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, either in currency, or by sight draft on the Chemical National Bank of New York, at option of the holder. The tickets need not first be presented at this office, but from No. 4, Public Library Building, before they will be paid by the Bank.

The drawing will be published in the Louisville papers and New York Herald, and official reports sent to purchasers of tickets, when requested by letter.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent Public Library of Kentucky,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

REDWINE & FOX,
Atlanta, Ga.

sep13-Sun&tu-Sat-sep27—

THE CONSTITUTION

JOB OFFICE!

IF YOU want a neat job of Printing, don't fail to carry it to

The Constitution Office!

We have just made a large addition to the Job Department—

New Type, Paper and Card Stock,

So that we have now one of the Finest Offices in the State. We are prepared to print at short notice, and in the

Best Style,

Railroad Work, Pamphlets, Circulars, Posters, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Cards, Blank Books, Legal Blanks, Statements, Price Currents, Wedding Cards, Invitations, Dancing Cards, Labels, Catalogues, Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Programmes.

In fact anything in the

Printing Line.

We are determined to build up a Business in this Line, equal to any Job Establishment in the land. We offer

Superior Inducements to Merchants.

Orders from a Distance Will Receive Prompt Attention, and Satisfaction Guaranteed

Our Prices and Work will Compare Favorably with that of any Northern City.

Our Card and Paper Stock is heavy—equal to that kept by Wholesale Merchants. We buy

Direct from the Mills,

And give our patrons the benefit of

The Low Price.

We run, day and night, Five Splendid

Steam Job Presses,

Del means almost of work in an incredible short space of time.

COUNTY OFFICERS

Can get their supply of BLANKS from us.

Don't fail, reader, to get your Printing done at our Establishment. Advise your friends to send their work to

JOB OFFICE

of

The Atlanta Constitution,

And they will not regret it, but always be pleased.

Address

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

jan11-dtf

The Atlanta Constitution.

PROPRIETORS:
W. A. HEMPHILL; E. Y. CLARKE.

EDITORIAL CORPS:
I. W. AVERY, Chief Editor.
E. Y. CLARKE, Co-Editor.
JOS. T. LUMPKIN, News Editor.
W. G. WHITBY, Local Editor.

BUSINESS MANAGER
W. A. HEMPHILL.

GENERAL AGENT:
COLONEL T. M. ACTON.

Capt. Henry Jackson, Supreme Court Reporter, engaged by THE CONSTITUTION to furnish the decisions, which are therefore official and authentic.

We also publish a pamphlet copy. Price $1.50

SUBSCRIPTIONS:

DAILY CONSTITUTION per annum.....$10
" Six months.....5
" One month.....1
WEEKLY CONSTITUTION per annum.....$3
" " six months.....1

Clubs of ten $25, and a paper free to the getter up. All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance, and, at the expiration of the time for which pay was made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

Address W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

UNIFORM RATES OF ADVERTISING
FOR THE DAILY PRESS OF ATLANTA.

	1 W	2 W	3 W	4 W	1 M	2 M	3 M	6 M	12 M
1 Sq.	3.00	5.00	6.00	8.00	12.00	20.00	28.00	45	75
2 "	5.00	9.00	12.00	15.00	20.00	35.00	45.00	80	
3 "	7.00	12.00	16.00	20.00	28.00	45.00	60.00	100	150
4 "	9.00	15.00	20.00	25.00	36.00	55.00	75.00	125	200
5 "	11.00	18.00	24.00	30.00	44.00	65.00	90.00	150	250
6 "	13.00	21.00	28.00	35.00	52.00	75.00	105.00	175	300
7 "	15.00	24.00	32.00	40.00	60.00	85.00	120.00	200	350
8 "	17.00	27.00	36.00	45.00	68.00	95.00	135.00	225	400
1 col	30.00	50.00	70.00	85.00	125.00	180.00	250.00	400	700
2 cols	50.00	75.00	90.00	100.00	175.00	250.00	350.00	550	1000

Advertisements in Local Column 50 cents per line each insertion.

In Local and Business Notices, 25 cents per line for first insertion; 12½ cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Special Notices, 20 cents per line, first insertion 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements inserted three times a week, 15 per cent. of the above rates; advertisements twice a week, 25 per cent. of the above.

Fire Companies and Churches half usual rates.

In order to establish uniform rates of advertising for the daily press of Atlanta, we have adopted the foregoing schedule of prices, and will be governed by them in the future.

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,
Proprietors of The Constitution.

J. REILLY SMITH,
Manager Atlanta Sun.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

LAWYERS.

W. C. WINSLOW, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia.
Practice in the Courts of the Macon and South

The Daily Constitution

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to The Constitution exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1872.

A New Book.

Bubbles and Ballast, Being a Description of Life in Paris During the Brilliant Days of the Empire, a Tour Through Belgium, Holland and London. By Mrs. M. J. L. Bouligny, of Washington City. D. C. Kelly, Piet & Co., Baltimore, Publishers.

This is a book of travel by one of the most elegant and accomplished women of the day, Mrs Bouligny, of Washington City. A lady of superior culture, a strong ornate writer, a leader of fashion, she has shown a captivating genius in this work.

We shall notice it more fully hereafter.

The Attorney-General.

We have heard of private citizens asking official opinions from the Attorney-General upon various questions of law. We knew he would gladly take time and trouble to accommodate his fellow citizens, but he has no legal right to give such opinions. The Constitution makes him the official adviser of the Executive Department—and it would be a very dangerous and mischievous practice for him to give the weight of his office to opinions not called for by the Governor. These views are sustained by an unbroken current of decisions, as to the duties of the Attorney General of the United States, and the duties of the two offices are the same, *Mutatis Mutandis.*

Profession and Practice.

Attorney General Williams, one of Grant's cabinet stumpers, in a recent speech in Philadelphia, said:

When it can be made to appear that any official under this administration has been guilty of embezzlement or fraud, and has not been promptly exposed and prosecuted, and, if possible, punished, some beginning will be made to sustain the charge of corruption. I defy anybody, however, to show any such case.

Whereupon the Washington Patriot unkindly reminds the aforesaid stumper of the case of Pension-Agent Collins, appointed by the present administration, who defaulted to the tune of $60,000, and was allowed to go unwhipped of justice. There are scores of other Radical office-holders who have played the Collins game with equal success, and still the blessed work of reform does not "go bravely on." If Williams will take the trouble to examine the books of the various departments, he will find that the public treasury has been robbed of more money during Grant's term than in any two administrations before. What the people want is honesty in practice, not honesty in mere professions. Talk is terribly cheap.

Democrats, Pay Your Poll Taxes and to Vote.

Democratic friends, pay up your poll tax for 1871 so as to vote. Hundreds of you are thus disfranchised by your own act. You would grumble powerfully if the Radicals did it. You would think it a hardship to be prevented from voting for the man of your choice, and from defeating an administration that your judgment tells you would be against the public interest.

Yet you are as effectively disfranchised by your failure to obey the law and pay a miserable trifle of two dollars, as you could be by the most despotic disfranchisement act of a hateful reconstruction.

The emergency is pressing. The issue is good government for four years against misrule for the same time. The barrier to your voting yourself a reign of prosperity and good rule is two dollars.

Pay it up and vote. Pay it up and help defeat Walker and his carpet-bag dynasty. Pay it up and help elect Smith and an honest regime.

Great public and private interests are at stake. The Radicals are paying the taxes of the negroes to beat Smith. It is well worth their while to get an administration that will restore to life the illegal debt of six millions of Bullock bonds now worthless as rags. It will pay them to pay a few taxes to get hold of the public treasury to re-imburse themselves with interest.

Does anybody suppose that they would not get back their thousands of dollars lavished in paying black poll taxes?

Democrats, pay your poll tax.

Grant.

Theodore Tilton is one of the most vigorous writers and strong speakers of the day. His speeches and editorials are master pieces of thought and expression.

In a speech the other day in Philadelphia he thus photographed Grant.

If Junius were alive, and should pen a portraiture of the administration, how he would make the colors glow and burn! The President who had trascended the spirit of the Constitution, and usurped rights which the Great Charter reserves to the Constitution alone; the President who has invaded and controlled political conventions from Syracuse to New Orleans; who has stood Janus-faced towards the civil service, and like the Satyr in the fable, blow hot and cold; who has pensioned an army of relations from the public funds and committed more acts of nepotism than any recorded against any President from Washington to Johnson; who has taken this high office and administered it more like a private estate than a public trust; who, since his first civil act on the day after his inauguration, has shown either ignorance concerning the law, or else indifference towards the law, or else defiance of the law. There was a President not long ago of these States who, because he violated one statute of the republic—the Tenure-of-office act, was impeached, while here today unimpeached, is a President who has violated a written law in the Chorpenning frauds, another in selling the French arms, another in the case of employing military secretaries, another in the case of negotiating a treaty with St. Domingo, through a staff officer, instead of through the Senate, in an illegal use of the monitors, in an unfriendly act against foreign power in the Carribbean sea. If there was just ground for impeaching a President who violated one law, there is sevenfold ground for impeaching one who has violated seven laws. [Cheers.]

These are strong words coming from a Republican.

Tilton made a happy point, too, on the carpet-baggers.

The South is under the rule of the stranger—gentlemen who have gone down from their States carrying their carpet-bags. Respectable travelers give their name to their baggage, but here the baggage gives its name to the man. [Laughter.]

There are two bags famous in history. One is sacred and the other is secular. One in which Judas held the money when he sold his Master, and the other is the carpet-bag that contains the plunder of those who rob their country. [Applause.]

Now, then, carpet-bag governments are aided and abetted by the President of the United States. He is the corner-stone on which they stand; the power by which they tyranize; the shelter under which they plunder. It is only necessary for me, as a Republican, to remind those among you of the intimate connection between his government and theirs; how his government is a part and parcel with theirs. It is only necessary for you to look this squarely in the face; that if the President be re-elected, the carpet-bag governments stand; if he be defeated, they fall. [Cheers.]

A Republican said: President Grant has brought the South to her knees. Not, however, in allegiance to the Federal government but in devoted supplication to Almighty God for the overthrow of the present administration. [Cheers.]

We wish we had pace for this whole speech of Tilton's. It breathes through every sentence a raging hostility to corruption and centralism, and reveals a cheering determined championship of square-out, thorough-paced constitutionalism that is indeed gratifying, coming from a Republican source.

Mark these words:

As a Republican I am proud to have made alliance with the Democratic party. I would to Heaven it had been made twenty years ago. It would have saved this nation an universal pang. This alliance has not come too soon; it has only lingered too long.

Lord Chatham said, "Confidence is a plant of slow growth," and that is the kind of growth from which this alliance has grown. *The alliance here made is one to maintain the Constitution.*

Mark the words well. They embody a grand truth. The alliance of Democrats and Liberal Republicans is to "*maintain the Constitution.*"

The Campaign in Georgia.

The Democrats are at work in dead earnest. We get daily reports of meetings and speeches.

In Augusta, on Wednesday, General Benning and Colonel Julian Hartridge delivered powerful speeches to an immense meeting.

Colonel Hartridge thus boldly grappled with his theme:

The speaker was greeted with immense applause, which lasted several minutes. On its subsidence Mr. Hartridge advanced to the front and stated that he was not present tonight to address them in an apologetic way. It had been the habit of many persons in addressing assemblages in this cause to apologize for their course. He was there for no such purpose; he was there on the behalf of no individual or set of men, but he was there to ask his fellow-citizens to vote for the candidates he represented, Greeley and Brown [applause] upon principle. He would show that the principles of government, States rights and personal liberty are best to be maintained by voting for these candidates.

This is the true position and we are glad to see Benning and Hartridge and Colquitt and other Democratic advocates of Greeley's support, fearlessly and broadly putting the matter right where it ought to be put.

Greeley represents the great cause of constitutionalism as opposed to centralism, and our people can the sooner get their consent to give him their hearty support by realizing this idea.

Colonel Hartridge thus emphatically put the question:

He defied any one to show better Democratic principles than were contained in the Cincinnati platform. If Greeley stood upon a platform inimical to the South we should discard him and declare that our Convention was in the wrong. If we believed him our friend we should give him our support. He declared that Greeley had planted himself upon our platform, and we had sacrificed nothing in taking him.

The speaker here read the Cincinnati platform as adopted at Baltimore.

He showed that the first plank was taken almost literally from Jefferson's inaugural address. The second platform demanded universal amnesty. Did any one object to that? We wanted no more war. There were some who didn't drink enough blood during the war, when there was plenty to drink, and wished another fight, but the bone and sinew of the country wanted peace. This plank promised peace and the removal of the disabilities of every Southern man from Jefferson Davis down. [Applause.] This party which asked our support wished to clasp hands across the bloody chasm, and not, as Grant's myrmidon had said, to fill it up with Southern dead. Jefferson never framed a better declaration than that contained in the plank which proclaimed the right of self-government. All other issues faded into insignificance compared to these—amnesty, peace, local self-government, the subordination of the military, the elevation of the civil authority, personal security, and the rights of the citizens. The right of personal liberty, which had been battled for for more than a half century, was the one which made us freemen. This platform guaranteed that right, and we could vote for it if it contained nothing else. Even in our own borders we had seen what evils the disregard of this right by the party in power has entailed, and for this plank alone we should give Greeley our support. Where were any better doctrines to be found from the resolutions of 1798 down to the present time? We did not betray the Democratic party at Baltimore, but we placed the Liberal candidates upon our platform. Why, then, should our brethren, the Jeffersonian Democrats, separate from us?

He thus referred to the amendments:

The Jeffersonians object also to the platform because it recognizes the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments. What are they? The 13th amendment, which made the negro a freeman, was adopted in 1865 by a Georgia Legislature, under the sign manual of that noble old Roman, Charles J. Jenkins. The 14th amendment disfranchised some 500 of our citizens, yet the very platform of our candidates makes this a dead letter by saying no man shall be disfranchised. The 15th amendment gives the right of suffrage to the negro, now raised to the level of citizenship. Are any of you prepared to take that right away? Do we not know that such is not the course of revolutions? He would remark, however, that a majority could always make any change in the Constitution, despite all the platforms ever framed. We cared nothing for these things. We wanted peace, liberty, and equality. Elect Greeley and Brown and we would obtain all these. Elect them and we will also get a majority of Congressmen. Our friends, our brothers will control the destinies of the nation.

Colonel Hartridge thus eloquently closed:

Achilles sat angry in his tent, refusing to battle upon the Grecian side, because his fair captive Briseis had been torn from him, until the dead body of his friend Patroclus was marred by the spear of Trojan Hector, and then he rushed forward to the field and joined his friends once more. The Straights saw before them something more than a friend. They saw their beloved mother Georgia, bleeding and in chains; let them come to her assistance. [Applause.] Let us as Georgians stand together, side by side and shoulder to shoulder, in this impending struggle. Let us be united in this determined contest for civil liberty, undivided in participation in the glorious triumph that awaits us.

Interesting Breach of Promise Case.

New York, Sept. 24.—It is not probable that the great breach of promise suit of a young widow, named Mary Francis Wade, against ex-Mayor Kalbfleich of Brooklyn, will be tried before February, though the papers in the case have broken out in print. The widow demands one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. She met Mr. Kalbfleich—a fine old Hollander—at Rockaway about eighteen months ago. An acquaintance sprang up between them, which early ripened, as she alleges, into a matrimonial engagement. The marriage was to have taken place in December last, but the ex-mayor procrastinated, and finally broke off, giving as his private reason for doing so that he was in receipt of information reflecting upon the fair fame of the lady. Mr. Malbfleich, who has for upward of thirty years past been engaged in the wholesale manufacture of chemicals, has amassed a fortune of several millions. He refuses to be interviewed by the reporters, beyond declaring the widow is "a hard nut;" that his introduction to her was a put-up job, and that he is perfectly willing and able to defend his case in court.

"Dar are," said a sable orator, "two roads through this world. De one am de broad and narrow road dat leads to perdition, and de udder am de narrow and broad road that leads to sure destruction." "If dat am de case," said a sable hearer, "dis cullud individual takes to de woods!"

"What color shall I paint your house?" said a knight of the brush to an eccentric individual who had given him a job. "Oh, I don't care particularly," was the reply—"any color so it is red."

NEW YORK LETTER.

The Cosmopolitan City—Life by Day and by Night—Crimes and Romances—Wild Story of Love in Switzerland—Folly of Sending Children Abroad for Education—The Political Situation—Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana all for Greeley—The Election Certain—Enthusiasm Kindling—His Western Speeches—Governor Smith's Re-election—Importance of a Heavy Majority—The Business Season, Etc.

Editorial Correspondence of the Constitution.

New York, September 23, 1872.

Night has closed in upon this vast cosmopolitan city with its population of [illegible] million of souls. The roll [illegible] of nearly a ing away, and the [illegible] vehicles is dying almost entirely away, and [illegible] of busy trade has almost entirely disappeared.

No sonorous disturbs the ear save the rumbling [illegible] the street car or the occasional shrieking of a ferry boat crossing the broad waters of the Hudson, upon which are dancing the reflected lights from motionless fleets of shipping in the harbor. But now begins the fearful nocturnal life of New York, its shameless scenes of revelry, its wild orgies and crimes of every name. This is one of the unpleasant experiences of a sojourner in this metropolis, for as the shadows of night gather about the city the thoughtful mind recurs to the contrast between New York by day and New York by night—the business, magnificence, *life* of the one, and the shame, want, hideousness, *death* of the other.

THE FRIGHTFUL ROMANCES

in real life revealed before the police courts of this city are many. The sensational novelist can find ample material in the hundreds of cases tried almost daily to furnish basis for the most horrifying and bloody narratives. But there is evermore of thrilling romance in real life than in fiction. An illustration comes from the regions about the far famed lake of Lucerne in Switzerland—

A WILD STORY OF LOVE,

preferring death to disappointment. An American girl sent to Switzerland to complete her education under charge of a governess meets a Polish youth, in the land of the Swiss, also for the purpose of study. They fall in love. The mother arrives from America and seeks to separate them. The lover follows in disguise, and the baffled mother determines to quit the country. The lovers meet, and the desperate young Pole fires a ball into the temple of the girl and another into his own. Neither shot proved mortal, but the young man loses his sight—is blind for all time. I trust you have copied the story in full from the New York Press. We here see the folly of sending girls away from the restraints, influence and guardianship of home for education. Several years ago I remember protesting against this policy about to be adopted by an Atlanta lady. Girls ought to be educated at home, and the Colleges of Georgia furnish ample facilities for the education of Georgia girls, and the practice of sending them North or into distant States is wrong and injudicious to a very great degree.

Among the crimes committed in the past few days is

A SHOCKING HOMICIDE.

At a social gathering of acquaintances, men and women, a difficulty occurred between two men, brothers-in-law—the wife of one being the sister of the other. The men quarrelled and came to blows, when one was stabbed to the heart with a pair of tailor's scisors and died instantly. A poor, frantic woman found herself in the presence of a dead husband and his murderer, her own brother.

I promised to write you on the

POLITICAL PROSPECTS.

I am delighted to state that from this point of observation, the prospect is not only bright, but grows daily brighter. I have made special effort to inform myself. From the facts I have gleaned, from the National Democratic and National Liberal headquarters, and other sources, I am entirely persuaded that Horace Greeley will be elected President. The great contest now waging is for the possession of three States,

PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO AND INDIANA.

Two of them, Pennsylvania and Indiana will be carried by at least a majority of 10,000 each, and Ohio, though less sure, is confidently claimed. These elections if Democratic, render Grant's defeat beyond doubt. The Liberal Democratic movement North has just received a great accession in the person of

EX-GOVERNOR CURTIN,

of Pennsylvania. He was in Europe till recently, and thither the Radicals sent special messages to secure his influence, so vastly important they deemed it. He was the great war Governor of the Quaker State, and is admitted to have as great popularity as any of her statesmen. He has written a powerful letter for Buckalew, the Democratic nominee, and has entered the canvas actively.

Enthusiasm is rapidly kindling in the Liberal ranks. Greeley's great and

POWERFUL SPEECHES

out West are having wonderful effect. The Radical press seem struck with stupefaction and are unable to say scarcely a word against these masterpieces of statesmanship and eloquence. Victory is looming up; even the New York Herald sees it and is striking stoutly for Greeley.

But the people of Georgia ought to arouse themselves, and strike a blow for the great cause. They have the opportunity. Gov. Smith should be re-elected by 25,000 majority, and the news would send a shout of joy throughout the North and West, and the notes of victory would be re-echoed with swelling enthusiasm. Our friends are looking for Georgia to do this, and let us not disappoint them.

THE FALL BUSINESS

has opened well. The hotels are all crowded with merchants and traders from the South and West. The sale of goods is very heavy. I see here quite a number of Georgians. Among these I met, at the Grand Central, Mr. Parsons and his charming bride, formerly Miss Mattie Bozeman. They expect to reach home in perhaps a week, having enjoyed a delightful Western and Northern tour.

The crowds have returned from summer resorts to the city, and hence the bazaars of fashion are filled with the ladies. C.

☞ Buying fame dear is a weakness with the little great ones of our country. Here comes the Chicago "Tribune" to tell us that judgment of $9,500 was recently rendered against Wm. M. Tweed, Jr., for failure to pay the stipulated sum for a sketch of his life in a "Universal Biography," published by one Frederick Greer. In a suit to set aside this judgment Greer's ledger was produced in evidence. Only a page or two of it was shown, but some interesting revelations were made. The Rev. C. C. Burr paid $15 for a few lines that made him immortal; H. D. Cooke, Governor of the District of Columbia and brother of Jay Cooke, handed over $450 for some fulsome laudations of his career; and Judge Stanley Mathews, not knowing that his appearance as the modern political Proteus was to give him all the notoriety he could wish, bought $495 worth of fame. The case is still on trial, so that the ledger will probably be produced again, to the confusion of the other men who wished to gain the immortality of print by their money instead of their deeds.

☞ The New York Tribune indignantly repeats its denial that the indecent libel upon the women of the South attributed to Mr. Greeley by Mr. Lyon, of Richmond, was ever used by him or by the Tribune. Mr. Lyon is called upon to retract his charge or prove it.

When the Scotch minister told his neighbor that he spoke two hours and a half the day previous, the neighbor said, "Why, minister, were you not tired to death?" "Aw, na," said he, "I was fresh as a rose; but it would have done your heart good to see how tired the congregation was."

THE SEVENTH IOWA DISTRICT

The Fiercest Romance of Political Contest.

Error and Ele[illegible]ers.

From the New York [illegible]

THE SEVENTH IOWA DISTRICT.

This is the famous Des Moines District, where Frank Palmer was annihilated this year by John Kasson, the old member who had held the District for many years. This was a very exciting contest, and Palmer lost it through the unscrupulous bitterness and unmanly persecution which he allowed to be visited upon Kasson by his editor, one Clarkson, of the Des Moines Register. This man Clarkson succeeded Palmer himself as the editor and as dispencer of the federal patronage in the district, and his paper was probably the State organ of the party. He is a type of the brutal sort of being who too often in the Western country gets control of a merely partisan journal, and with a retaining fee in one hand uses the other to ransack the privacy of domestic life for mere political advantage. This time he overdid the business, and his brutality toward Kasson redounded upon the head of his master, Congressman Palmer. The following are the particulars:

Kasson is a lawyer of Des Moines, and a man of fine talent, appearance and spirit, with a good brown complexion and beard and natural power among men. He was married to a fine wife, and had the respect and admiration of the State; but in an evil hour, in Washington city, he was inveigled into an intrigue with a loose female, who was struck with his fine looks, and the proofs of his adultery were brought home to his family in a way which admitted of no apology nor denial. His wife immediately prosecuted him for a divorce and obtained it, and the evidence of his peccadillo was spread over the State to his instant political ruin.

While Kasson deserved his fate he bore up with all the manliness and contrition of a bowed spirit under it, divided his property voluntarily with his divorced wife, and escorting her to the railway station as she left Des Moines never to return—for she speedily married again in St. Louis—he returned back into the city a crushed and lonely man. But determined to fight it out there and recover character among the community which knew him, he gained anew the confidence of men of "wisest censure" and pity and consideration again attended him, but every time that his name was broached for public station the story of his weakness was paraded by the unscrupulous enemies in his own party, and spite and jealousy dragged his empty hearthstone into the light of day to show the stains nearly faded there. Few people believed that Palmer & Co. were any better; only not found out.

Kasson steadily rose and grew to be a new man, with a new reputation among his neighbors. There was absolutely nothing to be said against him but this old offense, and the people knew all about it and began to dislike the traders in the scandal worse than the actor of it. Finally, as this Congressional canvass opened and Kasson came forward to ask the party's support and the nomination the inexorable Sullivan Clarkson opened again the cloisters of the past and outraged human nature with his nasty depiction of Kasson's misery. There was no chord of the man's nature he did not hack; no sense of sorrow that he did not arouse. The people of the Des Moines district were outraged at this cowardice and took Kasson's sin upon their shoulders and resolved once and for all to rebuke these ghouls of the political press.

It came out that Clarkson, while resident in Des Moines, was drawing a salary of $2,200 a year at Washington city, where he never did a stroke of work. This kind of civil service reform did Palmer no good. Moreover, Clarkson, Palmer & Co. were guilty of a modified form of housebreaking in their anxiety to defeat Kasson. They ascertained that one Long, of this region, had written to Horace Greeley to procure support for a Greeley newspaper, and that Greeley had replied to Long, referring him to Grinnell, Kasson and others as "*his friends in Iowa.*" To get this letter and convict Kasson of being Greeley's friend, and so beat him in the Convention, the Palmerites broke open Long's desk, stole the letter and left $400, either to express triumph or compound with the Penitentiary—the highest price ever paid for a living man's commonplace autograph.

The robbery did not avail. The Greeleyites still in the party were rather mollified towards Kasson. Everybody was disgusted with Palmer and his dog, Clarkson. It was declared that General Dodge, of Council Bluffs, who supported Palmer, was merely a dour contractor with the Indians, growing rich only half legitimately, and sustained by Palmer and Harlan. Dodge, therefore, through the Iowa man on the Republican National Committee, and thick with James F. Wilson, did Palmer no good, although he "bled," as usual, for his friend. Grant favored Palmer also; but Kasson wiped him out by one of the most decisive votes known in convention, and Mr. Palmer has Mr. Clarkson to thank for it. The Palmerites now threaten to vote for the Greeley candidate, who will probably be O. L. Palmer—a rural merchant of Sheridan, Lucas county. There are only 2,000 votes to be changed to beat Kasson; but he is said to be next to a Liberal already, and to have no great affection for Grant.

General Campaign Notes

THE HOOSIER GIRLS TAKE A LITTLE TASTE OF GREELEY.

After Greeley had finished his speech at Jeffersonville, Indiana, on Monday, he held a reception, when the girls commenced kissing the venerable sage. One buxom hoosier lass had been noticed expressing her impatience on the preference given to the horrid men in all the arrangements by stamping her feet and scolding her tall escort, and finally she said, in her vexation, "I'm going up, and I'm going to kiss him, too!" And she elbowed her way through the crowd and bestowed a hearty salute on the Philosopher's chaste cheek, which he received with the meekness of a lamb. Then an irruption of kisses commenced. The hoosier girls broke from their escorts and showered their genial favors on the fair face of the Liberal chief In such profusion that he found it a more difficult duty to respond than usual. One girl, returning to her big beau, said triumphantly, "I've kissed our future President right in the mouth!"

One of the notabilities of the Louisville Convention returned to New York on Friday. The Sun says: "Yesterday Hev. Chauncey Burr, of New Jersey, passed up Broadway. His countenance was the picture of distress, showing plainly that the Louisville Convention did not agree with him. One would suppose from his appearance that he had breakfasted off a dozen quarts of vinegar, fourteen dozen lemons, nineteen dozen limes, and wound up with one hundred persimmons, half ripe. He merely nodded to his friends, and did not speak."

The Evansville Courier [illegible]: "The canvass of this State (Indiana) has been so thorough that our friends have no doubt of a very decisive victory for the Liberal and Democratic ticket—in fact it will be much larger than our friends generally are disposed to claim. We will bury Radicalism in Indiana so deep that it will never raise its head again.

OHIO.—Telling Straws.—No resident of Hamilton county, O., seems willing to wager a cent on Grant's getting it. This looks bad when it is remembered that old Hamilton, in 1868, rolled up a majority of 4,500 for Grant.

The Indiana Radical State Committee are distributing "Straight-Out" tickets for the October election.

GREELEY AT HOME.

This day men are on the stump trying to prove that Grant has been more magnanimous towards the Southern States than I have been. I don't want to contradict that; I want the two parties to take to running today to see which can be the most magnanimous and generous. [Cheers and laughter and cries of "That is the talk."]

That is a part of this contest. Suppose I am beaten: they cannot go back of the record I have made any more than the record which the party made at Baltimore. If I were beaten to-morrow you would find them coming in next winter with a bill of nearly universal amnesty, so then in a few years we will drag them up to it.

BEN WADE DEFENDING GRANT'S GIFT TAKING.

Mr. Wade remarked upon the charges of nepotism and gift-taking in his characteristic style. Under the Constitution the Government could do nothing to reward the services of our distinguished Generals. Public spirited citizens, men of wealth, seeing this made up a purse and gave it to Grant, and another to the widow of Secretary Stanton. Where is the man that wouldn't take it. I tell you I wouldn't trust the self-righteous Pharisee who says he wouldn't, where there was money in the night time. [Laughter and cheers.]

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST PRESS DISPATCHES.

President Grant in Washington.

Railroad Accident Without Loss of Life.

Grant Movement in Pennsylvania.

The Rinderpest.

Financial and Commercial.

Washington, D. C., September 27. The President and family returned to Washington this evening.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has declared that certificates of naturalization issued by United States or State courts are not such certificates as require stamps under the Internal Revenue laws.

General Young, Representative from the Seventh Georgia District, is here on business connected with the Democratic Congressional Resident Committee.

Probabilities—For the New England and Middle States on Saturday, clear and cool weather and westerly winds, the latter gradually backing to southerly over the lower lake region. For the southerly, northerly winds and generally clear weather. For the Gulf States, easterly to southerly winds, with increasing cloudiness from Mississippi westward, from Tennessee to Lake Erie, the upper lakes and northwest, diminishing pressure and southerly winds, rising temperature with clear weather. From Tennessee and Missouri to Ohio and Lower Michigan, and with probably increasing cloudiness from Kansas to Lake Michigan and northward.

New York, September 27.—The cases of Tweed, Mayor Hall, Nathaniel Sands and others, charged with defrauding the city, came up before Recorder Hackett in General Sessions to-day. The District Attorney moved that the cases be transferred to the Court of Oyer and Terminer. After consultation argument on this motion was postponed until next Friday.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., September 27.—The Chicago Express train on the Hudson River railroad, which left there this morning, ran off the track at Yonkers. Six cars filled with passengers left the track, but none of them were upset nor was any one injured.

Philadelphia, Penn, September 27.—The Executive Committee of the Straight-Out Democracy have called a State Convention to meet at Harrisburg on the 16th of October, to select an electoral ticket and take such action as will be for the best interests of the party.

London, Eng., September 27.—A heavy gale prevailed yesterday on the British coast, and several vessels which left the Mersy for American ports were driven back. The gale continues to-day.

The vessel reported wrecked on Tuscan Rock on the 14th instant was the bark New Castle, Captain Wilkins, which cleared at Liverpool September first for Savannah; it has been ascertained that thirty of the crew were lost.

It is said efforts are being made, which have not yet assumed any official form, to require the Layards to pay a portion of the sum awarded to the United States by the Geneva Tribunal.

The rinderpest has appeared in Lincolnshire.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

New York, September 27.—A dispatch from the Greeley party received this morning stating that Greeley will not be able to reach this city until sunday night or Monday morning, the reception which was intended to be given him to-morrow night is therefore postponed.

In a Brooklyn court to-day M. J. Tompkins plead guilty to an assault on his daughter with intent to kill, and was sentenced to seven years in the State Prison.

A man giving his name as H. G. Kellar, of Woodville, Massachusetts, but known to the detectives as Major Ward, of Louisville, Kentucy, was arrested this morning, charged with swindling several wholesale houses by buying goods and paying for teem with bogus checks.

Comptroller Green this morning appropriated $100,000 to the Department of Charities and Corrections. This obviates the necessity of removing hospitals for the want of funds.

Albany, N. Y., September 27.—The next session of the International Machinists and Blacksmiths' Union will be held at Louisville. After the transaction of some routine business, the convention adjourned sine die.

Boston, Mass., September 27.—A balloon carrying Messrs. King and Holden, which ascended at Plymouth, N. H., yesterday afternoon, landed this morning in Canada near the bay of St. Louis, having traveled 300 miles over the wilderness of Maine and Canada.

Louisville, Ky., September 27.—The Library drawing has been postponed until the 17th of December.

Columbus, O., September 27.—John Barclay, convicted for the murder of Charles Garner, near this city last October, made a full confession of his guilt to-day, entering into the most minute particulars connected with the horrible affair. He will be hanged at noon on the 4th of October.

Cincinnati, September 27.—Thirty thousand persons have daily attended the Exposition for the past three days.

The initial arrangements are perfect for a superb musical festival in this city the first week in May, 1873. Theodore Thomas has accepted the leadership, and will increase his Orchestra to two hundred instruments. The affair is intended to be of a high order.

Telegraphic Markets.

New York, September 27.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 18½; Orleans 19½; sales 1,301 bales.

Cotton receipts to-day—net 965 bales; gross 972.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day, 12,000 bales, as follows: September, 17¾a17¾. October, 18 1-16a18¼. November, 18¼a18½. December, 18 5-16a18⅝. January, 18 15-16a19. February, 19 9-16. March, 20a20⅛. April, 20¼a20⅜.

Flour unchanged. Whisky 92½. Wheat 1a2 cents better; winter red western $1 62a1 73. Corn—western mixed 64a65. Pork firmer; mess $14 10a14 15. Beef steady at 5a7 for plain mess; 8a10 for extra mess. Lard 8¼a9 3-8. Turpentine steady at 63¼a64. Rosin quiet at $4 50.

Gold 13⅛a13⅛. 81s 15½; 62s 14½; 64s 14½; 65s 14½; new 13 3-8. Tennessee 6s 72; new 72. Virginia 6s 44½; new 48½. Consols 50½; deferred 15. Louisiana 6s 53; new 48. Levee 6s 69; ditto 8s 60. Alabama 8s 80; 5s 60. Georgia 6s 70; 7s 88. North Carolinas quiet; new 20; special tax 13. South Carolina 40; new 23½; April and October 24.

Later—6?s 13½; 68s 13½; new 5s 10½; 10-40s 7½.

London, September 27, 5 P. M.—Consols closed unchanged. Bonds—92½.

Liverpool, September 27, evening.—Cotton closed unchanged; sales of Orleans for September, 9½; uplands 9½.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

New York, Sept 27.—The following is a comparative cotton statement for the week ending to-day:

Receipts at all ports for the week	68,626 bales.
Same time last year	53,500 "
Showing an increase of	15,087 "
Total receipts for the year	102,310 "
Total receipts same time last year	77,253 "
Showing an increase of	25,057 "
Exports for the week	15,220 "
Same time last year	9,231 "
Showing an increase of	5,989 "
Total exports for the year	30,650 "
Total exports same time last year	43,656 "
Showing a decrease of	13,006 "
Stock at all United States ports	126,463 "
Same time last year	96,224 "
Showing an increase of	30,239 "
Stock at interior towns	14,569 "
Stock at interior towns same time last year	14,471 "
Showing a decrease of	1,402 "
Stock at Liverpool	720,000 "
Stock at Liverpool same time last year	632,000 "
Showing an increase of	288,000 "
American afloat for Great Britain	7,000 "
Same time last year	6,000 "
Showing a decrease of	1,000 "

Mobile, September 27.—Cotton firm and offerings light; low middlings 17¼a18; middlings 18½; net receipts 465 bales; exports coastwise 570; sales 300; stock 5,061; net receipts of the week 4,934; exports coastwise 4,183; sales 2,300.

Boston, September 27.—Cotton quiet; middlings 19; net receipts none; gross 290; sales 350; stock 5,000; net receipts of the week 14; gross 632; exports to Great Britain 51; sales 1,000.

Philadelphia, September 27.—Cotton quiet; middlings 19; net receipts 68; gross 2,016.

Memphis, September 27.—Cotton firm with a fair demand; light offerings; middlings 17¾a17½; stock 1871, 3,775; 1872, 3,556; receipts 606; shipments 597; weekly receipts 3,698; shipments 3,600.

Columbus, September 27.—Cotton quiet; middlings 16½; weekly receipts 1,700; shipments 1,338; spinners 46; stock 1871, 1,920; 1872, 1,294.

Cincinnati, September 27.—Flour steady at $7 40a7 65. Corn steady at 44a45. Pork in fair demand; sales at $13 75. Lard firm; summer 8; steam 8¾; kettle 8¾. Bacon 11½; clear sides 12. The freight blockade south of Louisville materially interferes with trade. Whisky firm at 89.

St. Louis, September 27.—Bagging lower, 14 1-4a15 1-2. Flour in demand and firm. Corn dull and unchanged; No. 2, mixed, 40. Whisky steady at 91. Pork quiet at $14 37½a14 50. Bacon dull; jobbing and order lots for shoulders 8a8¾; clear rib sides 11¼a11¾; clear sides 11¾a12. Lard unchanged.

Savannah, September 27.—Cotton firm and in good demand; middlings 17¾a17¾; net receipts 4,407 bales; exports coastwise 1,651; sales 1,000; stock 23,145. weekly net receipts 19,130; gross 19,433; exports coastwise 7,497; sales 6,400.

Louisville, September 27.—Flour firmer and stock light; extra family $6 50a7 50. Corn firm and steady at 30a30 on arrival. Provisions in fair demand and very firm. Pork $13 75. Bacon—shoulders 9; clear rib sides 11½; clear sides 12¾. Packed lard 9½a11½; order lots ¼ higher. Whisky 89.

Norfolk, September 27.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 17¼a17⅝; net receipts 1,638 bales; exports coastwise 214; sales 50; stock 3,894; weekly net receipts 5,911; exports coastwise 4,106; sales 25 bales.

Selma, September 27.—Cotton—weekly receipts 2,107; shipments 1,334; stock 2,023.

City Point, September 27.—Cotton—receipts for the week 114.

Providence, September 27.—Cotton—receipts for the week 2; stock 8,000.

Nashville, September 27.—Cotton quiet; middlings 16; weekly receipts 985 bales; shipments 849; stock 813.

Galveston, September 27.—Cotton steady; net receipts 617 bales; sales 700; stock 13,589; weekly net receipts 54,243; exports coastwise 2,876; sales 8,850.

Baltimore, September 27.—Cotton firm; demand good; middlings 17 1-4; net receipts 429 bales; stock 851; weekly net receipts 1,875; exports coastwise 1,205; sales 232.

Macon, September 27.—Cotton—Receipts of the week 2,153; shipments 1,582; stock 1871 2,158; 1872 1,831.

New Orleans, September 27.—Cotton less active; prices maintained; good ordinary 17½; low middlings 18½; middlings 18½; net receipts 3,368; gross 1 357; exports to Great Britain 1,575; sales 2,600; stock 40,838; weekly net receipts 16,865; gross 20,927; exports to Great Britain 1,575; coastwise 4,617; sales 14,300.

Flour firm; XXX $7 25a8 50; family $8 75a10. Corn firm; white and yellow 62. Oats dull; St. Louis 40a43. Bran scarce at $1 05. Hay firm at $24a27. Pork firm at $15. Bacon firm at 8¼a8¾a11¾a12¾. Hams—sugar-cured 17¼a18. Lard dull; tierce 9¼a10½; keg 12. Sugar dull; fair to fully fair 11½. Whisky 92@1. Coffee 14a18¾.

Sterling Exchange 22; sight ¼c discount. Gold 13¾.

Charleston, September 27—Cotton—good ordinary 16½; low middlings 17¼a17½; middlings 17⅜; net receipts 1,569; gross 1,658; exports to continent 1,200; coastwise 450; sales 500; stock 13,416. Weekly net receipts 13,042; gross 13,433; exports to continent 1,300; coastwise 7,920; sales 5,500.

Montgomery, September 27.—Cotton steady; middlineg 16½; net receipts of the week 3,972; shipments 2,872; stock 2,984.

Augusta, September 27.—Cotton firm and in good demand; middlings 16¾; net receipts 1,107 bales; sales 953; stock 2,959. Weekly receipts 6,123; shipments 5,593.

OBITUARY.

LUMPKIN—Death, the remorseless monster, has entered another family circle and broken it by snatching away one of its brightest links Annie King Lumpkin, daughter of Joseph T. Lumpkin, of Athens, is no more. She passed from the shores of time into the realms of Eternal Day on the 23d inst., in the 20th year of her age.

"The voices of the beautiful, its music and its flowers,
Had brought their richest gifts to crown her child hood's sunny hours."

Amid the broken gems and crushed rose-petals of departed joys; in the soft, dim twilight of the soul glowing memories will linger far along its hushed horizon; feeling with a deep resistless tide of wilder ing visions, hopes of rainbow light and wreaths o aspiration will ascend like a cloud of incense sweet up to the spirit-world.

It was hard to part with one so pure, so gentle, so good and so talented. Her whole life was a source of pleasure to her family and friends. From her earliest childhood, she was distinguished for her purity, her self-sacrificing spirit, and her daily walk as a Christian.

Two summers ago she graduated at the celebrated Nelson Institute, at Marion, Ala., carrying off the first honors in a class of over fifty; yet so gentle and pleasant was her intercourse with the class as to create no feeling of jealousy, but rather to win the love of all.

She was a great favorite in Athens, and her death has cast a gloom over all. The grief-stricken ones turned away from her grave to seek a darkened home to dwell no more with her save in the realms of Hope and Mem ry. Within their hearts the loved one has a brighter being,

"In the dazzling light
Of angel beauty, robed in loveliness;
A soft star gleaming thro' the mists of life—
A radiant seraph by the throne of God."

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1872.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Ephesus Bazar—see notice of meeting.
Second hand carriage for sale.
Weed Sewing Machine.
Clothing at Hirsch's to suit the million.
Mrs. J. F. Reeves & Co., dress makers.
For cheap goods consult D. & E. Steinheimer.
See legal notice from Fulton county.
See legal notice from Campbell county.
See entry notice from Fulton county.

THERE was a false alarm of fire last night.

THE regular monthly meeting of the Mercantile Association will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the Library Rooms.

THE "hop" at the festival last night was a pleasant affair. The festival for the benefit of St. Luke's will be continued to-night.

THOSE who lost money in the Kentucky Library tickets have now an opportunity to secure a prize in the Nashville Fair enterprise. Tickets only $3 for one week.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN NEWNAN.—The Democrats had a grand rally at Newnan yesterday. The court house was full, and the meeting enthusiastic. Spirited and stirring addresses were made by Colonel Thomas Hardeman, Colonel G. N. Lester, and ex-Senator W. C. Smith.

NOTICE TO THE ISRAELITES OF ATLANTA. Seats will be disposed of on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, A. M. D. MAYER, President.

HIRSCH.—Those particular about "good habits" will find that they can be suited at the clothing house of M. & J. Hirsch. Their stock of clothing is equal to any in the country. Call and see them.

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.—On the 33d ballot at the Ninth Congressional Convention at Gainesville yesterday, H. P. Bell received 33, and McMillan 30. Another committee of conference of six had been appointed to effect a compromise when the passenger train left.

PERSONAL.—Bishop George F. Pierce passed through this city Thursday night en route to Nebraska and the West to hold Conferences.
W. W. Compton and lady returned last night from their bridal tour.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—The Traverse Jurors were discharged yesterday until next Thursday.
J. B. Clark and John Trimble were acquitted of the charge of illicit distillation.
B. H. Grant and A. J. Grant were discharged, the grand jury failing to find a true bill for violation of the enforcement act.
Calvin Smith was discharged, the Grand Jury failing to find a true bill for illicit distillation.

Editors Constitution: Please announce in THE CONSTITUTION that my great show will visit all the important towns in the entire South this coming winter. P. T. BARNUM.

DEATH'S DOINGS.—Mary Mildred, infant daughter of S. L. McBride, was translated from earth to heaven yesterday morning, and now blooms in eternal beauty in Paradise.
Mr. James M. Hardage, who has been confined to his bed for three years with consumption, passed through the dark valley of the shadow of death yesterday in the faith and triumph of the christian.
Louise King, infant daughter of Hayne and Ida Ellis, of Macon, a sweet little cherub, now blossoms "on the other side of Jordan in the sweet fields of Eden, where the tree of life is blooming."

THE REPUBLIC BLOCK.—One of the handsomest, most ornate and imposing buildings in the city is the new Republic Block, nearly completed, opposite the Kimball House. It is a magnificent addition to our business houses. It is rapidly filling up. Toomey, Stewart & Co., the Kisers, Crane, Boylston & Co., and others are snugly ensconced.
On the second floor corner of Pryor and Decatur we find our old advertiser, Geo. Sharp, Jr., doing a jewelery business in two beautiful rooms. They are elegantly frescoed, carpeted and furnished. One room is for the special use of the ladies. He has a fine stock of goods, diamonds, silver-ware, etc.
We shall notice the building more closely hereafter.

LIBERAL.—Colonel J. R. Wallace has donated a lot and some fifty dollars worth of material, and R. E. Rawson, Esq., has also given a lot for the purpose of erecting a mission house in the extreme southern portion of this city. The building is up and Rev. G. R. Pattillo has already organized a promising Sunday School, and made a regular appointment for weekly prayer meetings.
This is but another instance of the repeated liberality of these gentlemen, and we commend their example as every way worthy the imitation of other worthy citizens. By so doing you will sanctify your earthly possessions and live and toil for a noble purpose.

ELECTION TICKETS.—The election for Governor and members of the Legislature takes place on Wednesday, October 9d. Send in your orders for election tickets at once.

SHOOTING AT MARIETTA.—Thursday morning, we learn, that a man named Ford Johnson at Marietta acted disorderly at the breakfast table at the Kenesaw House and was put out of the house by W. S. Olds, the Assistant Clerk. That night Johnson returned with a pistol in hand, and walking up to Olds, remarked: "I wouldn't give 25 cents for your life," and shot him. At last accounts Olds was not expected to live. Johnson has escaped.

RESIGNATION AND APPOINTMENT.—Mr. R. R. Cottingham, long and well-known as the agent of the Charleston Freight Line, has resigned that position and will, on and after the 1st of October next, take charge of the Atlantic Coast Line, having been appointed General Western Agent of the line and entrusted with the control of all details of the business west of Augusta, Georgia.
Mr. Cottingham has been identified with the Charleston line for five years, having succeeded E. A. Werne, Esq., three years since in the Western Agency of the line in Atlanta, in which position he has proved himself active and efficient and won the confidence and esteem of the people by his promptitude and courtesy. He is a live agent.

THE Atlanta Democracy have at last got their candidates for office in the field. For the Legislature, Messrs Clark Howell, William L. Calhoun and Colonel Hoge received the nomination. Clark Howell is one of the old reliables of the county of Fulton. He is a country man, at the same time well versed in the affairs of the country; of broad, comprehensive views; of fine common sense, he will make an excellent Representative. Lowndes Calhoun is a jewel of a man in every sense. First, he has good blood; second, he has fine sense; third, he is a good lawyer; and last, though not last, he has a record as a soldier unsurpassed by the proudest Generals of the Confederacy. Captain Calhoun is a young man, and his bravery is only excelled by His ability and fitness for any office to which he may be called. In a city like Atlanta where brass and gas are constantly drawing worth and merit, the selection of Calhoun is a rare tribute to his solid worth.
For county offices Dan Pittman has beaten our friend Colonel McBride, which we regret, not that we love Dan less, but we love Jack more. On the other offices we are pretty much neutral. Dick Venable, the candidate for Clerk of Superior Court, who has held the office many years, is an excellent officer and his competitor had no special claims. If a crippled soldier had run against Dick, we would have been for him, because Dick has had a good thing of it for a long time. Sam Hoyle and General Walker for the Tax Collector office. If Sam Hara's been crippled in the service we should have been for Walker; but the latter was also crippled, so that is neutral.—*Griffin Star.*

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL—*Atlanta, September 27, 1872.*—Council met. Present, Hon. John H. Jones, Mayor, and a full board except Alderman Layton.

PETITIONS.

Of W. R. Cox, et al., for gas pipe from corner of Ivy street down Baker street to Collins street, thence down Collins street to the corner of Harris. Referred to Gas Committee.
Of P. R. Tatum, to be relieved from extra assessment of property. Referred to City Assessors.
Of J. L. Whitley et al., for a rock or plank sidewalk from corner of Pryor and Alabama streets to the Passenger Depot. Referred to Street Committee.
Of V. B. Crawford, for permanent grade of sidewalk on Mangum street. Referred to Street Committee.
Of M. Kelm, relative to a nuisance on the corner of Peters and Whitehall streets. Referred to Street Committee with power to act.
Of M. G. Bobbins, President of the West End and Atlanta Street Railroad, asking for the grades of the following streets: commencing on Alabama street, opposite the Union Depot, thence to Broad street, thence to Hunter street, thence to Forsyth street, thence to Walton street, thence to Thompson street, thence to Hilton street, thence to Elliot, thence to Markham, thence to Fairlie and Chapel to High street, thence to Person street and Beckwith street. Referred to Street Committee, Engineer and City Attorney
Of J. N. Williams for permission to sell stock, wagons, etc., at the pump at junction of Line, Peachtree, Decatur and Marietta streets. Granted five days in the week.
Of Pitts, Cook & Co., relative to amount claimed by them. Tabled.
Of James Coyer asking pay for rock carting put down on Marietta street. Referred to Street Committee.
Of J. F. Quarles proposing to sell colored Baptist church on Markham street to city for Public Schools. Referred to Committee on Public Schools.

WHEAT STREET.

The assessors award as damages to Mrs. Powers by extension of Wheat street, $200. Adopted.

RESIGNATION.

Resignation of T. J. Buchanan, policeman, read and accepted.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Relief—On petition of Zeans Garrison, favorable, for free license to peddle pies, but adverse on the things. Adopted.
Fire Department—Favorable, on petition of M. T. Castleberry to erect a wooden awning. Adopted.
Tax—Adverse, on petition of W. A. Kennady, for relief from taxation. Adopted.
Special—Favorable, on petition for opening of Wilson street, provided the parties will donate the land through which it passes. Adopted.
Tax—Favorable on petition of Dr. J. J. Knott for refunding of license tax. Adopted.
Street—On petition of R. Lauggasser relative to composition stone pavement, recommending it to the favorable consideration of the public. Adopted.
Street—Favorable, on petition of W. A. Fuller, et al., for working of Mechanic street. Adopted.
Street—Favorable, on petition of ladies of Forest Avenue. Adopted.
Street—on petition of W. C. Moore, recommending that the Engineer ascertain whether the city is using private property, or is on the right of way of the State Road. Adopted.
Street—adverse, on petition of Mrs. Conart et al., for rock wall. Adopted.
Street—favorable, on petition of J. D. Stocker. Adopted.

RE-OUT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The Finance Committee recommended the payment of the following bills. Adopted:

C R Brumby, relief	$ 18 00
Mayer & Bros, relief	40 00
Haslett & Johnson, relief	4 00
J J Norman, relief	94 50
J H Mccaslin, relief	7 50
H W Tidwell, relief	42 00
Georgia State Agricultural S ciety	1,500 00
Hunnicutt & Bellingrath P. B. & G.	108 55
Fair Grounds pay Roll	69 75
Anderson & Wells P B & G	27 50
Barry, Venable & Collier, P B & G	72 45
S P Wells, P B & G	88 15
Fair Ground, P G & G	154 50
W Burgess, P B & G	11 50
Hunnicutt & Bellingrath, streets	1,065 97
J Belcher, streets	67 50
A Murphy, streets	547 73
R F Tinsley, streets	6 00
T G W Cruswell, streets	890 50
Young & Welch, streets	360 00
W L Morris, streets	5 10
G Stewart, streets	435 85
J M Latham, streets	61 25
H Perkins, streets	46 28
H Seltzer, streets	1 75
B F Coxwell, streets	25 00
Stephens & Flynn, streets	96 69
G W Craig, streets	27 20
R F Tinsley, streets	17 60
J M Horn, streets	10 00
G H Haslett, streets	20 00
M T Castleberry, wells, pumps and cisterns	275 00
W M & S J Lowry, police	1 00
Hunnicutt & Bellingrath, tax return	20 75
Hunnicutt & Bellingrath, gas	309 05
Central City Gas Co.	54 80
Augusta Factory, printing	125 00
Atlanta Factory, printing	93 00
	$7,080 85

PRYOR STREET.

Tommey, Stewart & Beck et al., ask that Pryor street, from Decatur street to the Passenger Depot, be properly shaped, macadamized, cindered and rock crossings put down. Referred to Street Committee.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Roach—adopted:
Resolved, That the time for the collection of the city taxes for the present year be extended to October 10th, and that the Tax Collector be instructed to keep his books open until that time.
By Alderman W L Morris:
Resolved, That the Street Committee proceed to have put down on the sidewalks where the city have put down rock curbing, good rock flagging in front of business property and good hard brick elsewhere at the expense of property holders. Referred to Street Committee.
By Alderman Farrar—adopted:
Resolved, That Council meet in future at 4 o'clock P. M., instead of 5 o'clock.
By Alderman Hill—Adopted:
Resolved, That a check be issued to W. T. Newman, City Attorney, for the sum of $18 for money expended for Bacon's Digest and the 43d volume Georgia Reports for the use of the Judge of the City Court.
By Alderman Fowler—Adopted:
Resolved, That the Street Committee have the obstructions moved out of Broad street at the cistern between Marietta and Walton streets.
By Alderman Hammock—adopted:
Resolved, That the Mayor appoint a committee of five to examine the Broad street bridge, and that said committee report to this council whether or not the bridge can be repaired and thereby save the city the heavy outlay at present of building a new bridge.
Committee—Hammock, Fowler, Mitchell, Castleberry, W L Morris.

SECRET SESSION.

Council then went into secret session. John G. Brazelton was elected policeman to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Policeman Buchanan.

FINALE.

Council adjourned at 6:30 o'clock P. M.

RADICAL POW-WOW.

High Old Times.

The Radicals met at the City Hall last night. H. P. Farrow, United States District Attorney, called the meeting to order. James Tate, colored, was called to the chair, and J. R. W. Johnston Secretary.
Some darkey moved to go into the committee of the whole to nominate candidates for the Legislature. Great confusion ensued at this juncture. There were quite a number of voices calling at the same time "Mr. Speaker." The motion was finally tabled, and a motion calling for the report of the Executive Committee adopted. This was the signal for renewed and general confusion.
The Executive Committee reported the names of

C. W. Hubner,
A. M. Wallace,

as suitable persons to represent the Republican party in the next General Assembly, and that the meeting proceed to select the third man.
The reading of this report created intense confusion.
M. Cargile got the floor to defend the report of the Executive Committee, and said that the fight had to be won by artillery or any other arms of war, and the object was to run men they could win with. He was satisfied that the men suggested were the only men that could win.
McKenny, another colored man, supported the report.
Howard Horton, the colored Demosthenes, objected to the report. "They had brought forward a pisen, broken down Straight-Out Democrat, who had been refused office by the Democrats, and was now brought before the Republicans for their votes. If the report was adopted, the Republicans would be pulling hair like the Straights for office."
J. W. Hogan got the floor next, amid "confusion worse confounded," and handled the report without gloves. He was interrupted by D. D. Snyder, who inquired "what waif or Greeleyite it was that was trying to run the meeting." Cries of "put him out" now resounded through the house. Colored men got on the tables and benches and made vehement speeches and justications.
Colonel H. P. Farrow succeeded in restoring order. Snyder, Chairman of the Executive Committee, withdrew the report.
Charles T Patterson, (col.) moved that the Chair appoint a committee of two from each ward in the city and four from the country to suggest the names of candidates for the Legislature.
This prevailed, and the Chair appointed Titus Harris, (col.) S R Kramer, H P Farrow, J M Jones, (col.) M Cargile, (col.) V Spalding, Howard Horton, (col.,) P M Parks, R T Simons, Jackson McHenry, (col.,) J W Hogan, Charles Hendrix, D D Snyder, Wm Sally, Geo W Fleurnoy, Jack Rice, (col.,) Chas Paterson, (col.,) Wilson Holmes, (col.)
During the absence of the committee, the meeting was addressed by a colored Doctor, who said that his profession was the healing art, and he advised that the Republicans thoroughly organize and vote in solid phalanx. It would show the Democrats that they could not be driven from the polls as in the past. He was in favor of taking a "Straight-Out" as one of the candidates. They would vote for Walker and Freeman and make them good Republicans as they had Gen. Grant. He was therefore willing to give the Straight-Out's part of the spoils.
The committee then reported for representatives C. W. Hubner, Robert Johnson (col.), and George S. Thomas, which was adopted.
On motion a committee of five was appointed to notify the candidates of their nomination, viz: G. McKinney, D. D. Snyder, J. W. Hogan, W. Holmes, L. Soldner.
Colonel Farrow said that they could not be forced to pay more than $1 for poll tax.
Meeting then adjourned.

THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.—The Parepa Rosa Opera Troupe gave a fine rendition of the Bohemain Girl last night. Each individual actor sustained his or her role with marked ability, and won, as they deserved, the applause and encores of the audience. We have seldom seen a more unified and finished Drama. The Parepa Rosa Opera Troupe is next to be heard, and as the performances demonstrate, Tri-night will be given Offenbach's "La Rose de St. Fleur" or the Beau's Daughter. We note to condemn the conduct of some of the boys who attend the theatre who disturb its audience by yells, whistling, hootings and boisterous conduct generally. Last night it was intolerable. We trust that the chairman of the Police Committee will see to it that such conduct is prevented in future.

SUPREME COURT CASES.

Regular Order of Business—Cases yet to be Decided.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

14 Cherokee	34	16 Conasiga	10
15 Northern	6	19 Eastern	1
16 Augusta	22	20 Brunswick	5
17 Middle	1		

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *September 27,* Rome Circuit, No. 5, Mary J. King vs. Joshua King, et al. Equity, from Floyd. Argued. A. R. Wright, H. N. Broyles, for plaintiff in error. Printup and Fouche, J. W. H. Underwood, contra.
No. 6, Tallman Rodgers vs. The State. Assault with intent to murder. Argued. Underwood and Howell, represented by H. H. Broyles, for plaintiff in error. C. D. Forsyth, R. F. Fouche, contra.
Cherokee Circuit, No. 1, M. S. Pritchett, administrator, vs. The County of Bartow. Warren Aiken, for plaintiff in error. A. Johnson, represented by Lester and Thomson, contra.
At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Thomson for defendant in error, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

CONTINUED.—The libel case of H. P. Farrow vs. W. W. Rhodes, has been continued until next Monday in consequence of the absence of Rhodes' counsel, Hon. M. A. Candler.

Local and Business Notices.

THE cheapest Lace Collars can be bought at D. & E. STEINHEIMER'S.
sep28—d3t

THE regular weekly shipments of Weed Sewing Machines just received, bringing new tables, new attachments, Selters & Cutters' sewing silk, Willamantic soft finish six-cord spool cotton. Call and examine.
WEED S. M. CO. SALESROOM,
Corner Broad and Marietta Streets,
Atlanta, Ga.
N. B.—5,000 packing boxes, all sizes, for sale. WEED S. M. OFFICE.
sep26—d3t

A FULL line of Concord Jeans, at
sep26-d3t D. & E. STEINHEIMER'S.

M. & J. HIRSCH, No. 41 and 58 Whitehall street, are the first in the field with a mammoth stock of clothing, comprising Diagonal, Scotch and Melton suits, all of which were manufactured under the superintendence of one of our firm, and are guaranteed to the trade. None but the best Foreign and Domestic material has been used, and we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.
Examine our stock of genuine Kersey and Melton Over-coats before you purchase.
sep26—sat-sun tues

$10,000.—Ten Thousand Dollars worth of Shoes and Boots at manufacturers cash prices, at D & E. STEINHEIMER'S,
Corner Whitehall and Mitchell street.
sep28—d3t

FOR THE SUMMER.—I am now prepared to furnish regular meals at the usual hours. My Restaurant is fitted up for the summer campaign. R. G. THOMPSON.
apr17-wed & sun-tf

ATTENTION, LADIES.—Mrs. J. F. Reeves & Co., will open the rooms over Talley's old store, Whitehall street (formerly occupied by Mrs. Jane Kenedy & Co.) for
DRESS MAKING, OCTOBER 1ST.
☞ Also, Stamping neatly and promptly done. sep26—d2t

"WE need no advice but money," is the general saying, but when we advise our friends and the public in general to go to M. & J. Hirsch's Clothing House and examine their stock of Mens' and Youths' Clothing, which has been manufactured to order in the most careful manner and latest style, they will acknowledge that such advice is as good as cash. There is no doubt that their stock of Clothing is equal if not superior to any in the country, Merchant Tailors not excepted. Remember, M. & J. HIRSCH,
51 and 53 Whitehall street.
sep28—sat-sun-tues

WE are requested to advise the public that Wm. P. Hall, Esq., of Charleston, S. C., is expecting, at that port, a direct importation of Spanish Jacks, to arrive about November 1st. They are represented as being very superior. Persons wishing to secure one would do well to communicate with said gentleman. sep27—d2tsw4w

BARBER SHOP.—George Davis & Mac Hill have opened a new Barber Shop, next to James' new Bank Block, on Whitehall street. They invite the patronage of the public Shaving 15 cents—first-class.
sep.26—d1w

OLD PAPERS! OLD PAPERS!—For sale at CONSTITUTION OFFICE in bundles of 100 copies each for convenience of customers. $1 per hundred. tf

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT.—The flattering success of the past season has compelled us to extend our facilities in our Merchant Tailoring Department, in order to supply the increasing demand. The substantial support or a generous public has encouraged us to procure, at a large salary, the services of one of the most experienced Cutters in the profession, who is assisted by a corps of first-class workmen which enables us to produce elegant garments at reasonable prices.
ESSMAN & BRO.,
sep21-dtf 56 Whitehall street.

ICE CREAM, by the gallon or plate. Families and parties supplied. LEWIS COOK,
may8—dtf Collier Building.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
For Sale on Time.

I OFFER for sale one-half interest in my MILL PROPERTY, situated two miles from 9½ Central Railroad, consisting of a Cotton Mill, of 650 Spindles, capacity 400 lbs. of thread a day; a Circular Saw and Grist Mill, Wool Cards and a Cotton Gin, with a good run of custom, all propelled by water from a never-failing stream. Also, a small stock of goods, and the best stand for a country store in this section. Location healthy. Buildings all new.
Terms will be made satisfactory to an acceptable purchaser.
JOHN McKINNE,
Refer to Chas. Whitehead, Atlanta, Ga.
Midville, 9½, C. R. R., Ga., September 13, 1872.
sep26-d4t.

FRESH NORFOLK OYSTERS
R. B. SIBLEY, Oyster Packer,
NORFOLK, VA.

OYSTERS put up in any way or quantity ordered, and at the lowest prices. Orders solicited and faithfully attended to. sep13—d3m

BARTOW HOUSE,
T. J. BRIDGES, Proprietor,
Cartersville.....Georgia.

THIS House has been remodeled and refurnished throughout, and is kept in the best style
June23—d1y

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT!
FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!! But the DIAMOND SPECTACLES will Preserve it.

If you value your Eyesight use the Perfect Lenses Ground from Brazilian Crystal Pebbles, united together, and derive their name "Diamond" on account of their Hardness and Brilliancy. They will last many years without change, and are warranted superior to all others in use. Manufactured by J. E. Spencer & Co., Opticians, New York. Caution—None genuine unless stamped with our trade mark. For sale by Bryan, Whitehead & Co., Jewelers and Opticians, are Sole Agents for Atlanta, Georgia, from whom they can only be obtained. No Peddlers employed. nov16—dawd1y

GAINESVILLE HOTEL,
Gainesville, Georgia,
J. A. CHRISTIAN, Proprietor.

THIS Hostelry has been Refitted and Supplied with New Furniture, and will compare with the best. The Table always supplied with the best the market affords, and special attention given to the comfort of guests.
There will be found at all times upon the arrival of regular trains, at the depot, hacks, etc., to convey to this house, free of charge, its guests.
RATES OF BOARD:

Single Meals	$ 50	Two Weeks	$25 00
Per Day	2 00		
Per Week	10 00	Per Month	35 00
may7—sep24-dtf			

ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY OCTOBER 5TH.

THE MAMMOTH MASTODON COMING!

750 MEN AND HORSES—1,050 ANIMALS AND BIRDS.

Great Eastern Menagerie, Museum, Aviary, Circus, Roman Hippodrome, Egyptian Caravan and Balloon Show.

ONLY SIX-TENT SHOW IN THE WORLD!

A STUPENDOUS World Exposition on Railroad at an expense of $3,400 DAILY, WHICH IT PAYS OUT in the CITIES and TOWNS WHERE IT EXHIBITS.

A GREAT ZOOLOGICAL AND Arenic Triumph.

Requiring Seventy-six cars and Three Large Engines to transport it in its overwhelming magnitude and elegant perfection, large enough to swallow up half a dozen exhibitions such as usually parade the country and infame the public with sensational advertising and delusive pledges.

SIX COLOSSAL PAVILIONS.

Covering Three solid Acres of ground and aggregating nearly Ten Thousand yards of Canvas.

Three Glorious Performances EACH DAY.

A Grand Moral Matinee at 10 A. M.

A herd of Elephants! Arabiechs of Buffaloes! Team of Horned Moosen! Twenty-six Gold and Crimson Dens, filled with the rarest specimens of

Wild Animals and Birds!

And a stupendous and extravagant display of wonders, natural, rare, novel and instructive.

12 Equestrians! 10 Lady Riders!

Sixty Performers! Two Elaborate Orchestras! Brass and Reed Bands! Grand Musical Steam Piano! and the most GORGEOUS, costly and elegantly equipped STREET PROCESSION ever given, reminding one of the fabled Oriental Pageant of the Olden Times. Double Circus Troupe and Double Circus Performances given in Separate Tents at the same hour. A gratuitous Balloon Ascension given prior to the afternoon exhibition every day.

Remember this Monster Exhibition.

POSITIVELY THE LARGEST AND MOST EXPENSIVE ON EARTH, will visit Atlanta as advertised. Arrangements have been made with the principal Railroad lines running into the city to bring the people at half fare to witness the WONDERS OF THIS WORLD'S FAIR.

Admission to the Monster Six Tents!

To which there are three separate entrance, is the price charged to shows of one-sixth the Great Eastern's capacity and attractions. Adults, $1 00; Children 50 Cents. Three Ticket Wagons are used to avoid all crush and jam!

$100,000 that the Great Eastern is the Biggest Show on the Earth!

THE PUBLIC TO BE JUDGE. LOOK OUT FOR THE BRILLIANT PROCESSION WITH THE

Lions, Tigers and Panthers Loose in the Streets!

Forsyth, Wednesday October 2; Barnesville, Thursday October 3; Griffin, Friday October 4; Atlanta, Saturday October 5; Newnan, Monday October 7; LaGrange, Tuesday October 8; West Point, Wednesday October 9
sep23—d2t—sunsep22-satsep28 W. W. DURAND, General Agent.

CALL AT
No. 50 Whitehall Street,
IF YOU WANT TO
Purchase or Inspect
THE BEST STOCK OF
Watches,
WATCH CHAINS,
Jewelry, Clocks,
OR ANY OTHER GOODS USUALLY KEPT IN
First-Class Jewelry Stores,
AND YOU WILL FIND
ER LAWSHE
READY AND WILLING TO SERVE YOU.
sep26-d1w

SOUTHERN
TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of
TERRA COTTA WORKS,
—SUCH AS—
Window Caps,
Enrichments for Cornice, such as
BRACKETS, MEDALLION,
and everything in the Architectural line. Also,
CHIMNEY TOPS, VASES,
Flower Pots, Statuary, Etc., Etc.
ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF
SEWER PIPE
from 2 inches to 20 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as
Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.
We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.
sep21—dly PHILIPPI & GEORGII.

SIDEWALKS! SIDEWALKS!
STONE Sidewalks put down of anything and size, at
15 20 and 25 cents per square foot
according to thickness, by the
Atlanta Composition Stone Co.,
Office Franklin & Hickory's Store, No. 14 Whitehall.
sep23—d3w

NOTICE.
Time Solicited to Valley & Mann.
AT W. W. CHAPMAN'S,
WILL TAKE NOTICE—Time solicited and notes will be handed over to an Attorney for collection by the first of October next, and no schedule.
sep26—dd1tsat W. W. CHAPMAN.

TURNIP SEED.
Fresh and Genuine from best Eastern Growers.
A FULL STOCK,

NOW in store and to arrive, of Ruta Baga, white and yellow; Purple Top strap leaf, Globe, Flat Dutche Globe, Flat Dutch, Cow Horn, and all other improved standard varieties, and selling at very lowest Cash Prices.
Now is the time to buy you supply—you will soon have to sow.
The Fruit Season is also at hand, and those expecting to enjoy and save their fruit should be supplied with
Peac and Apple Parers, Cider Mills and Wine Presses.
I have on hand, 200 Celebrated Lighting PEACH PARERS, 150 Celebrated Lightning APPLE PARERS.
Two Cases of the combined Apple Parer, Corer and Slicer.
Mitchenson's Single Cider Mills and Presses, and a sufficient supply of Double Mills, for those who wish to make cider on a large scale.
Descriptive price lists sent on application.
J. BEN WILSON,
(Successor to Echols and Wilson,
sep24—d12m Broad street, by the Bridge, Atlanta, Ga.

WILLIAM RICH & COMPANY,
WHOLESAL
NOTIONS, MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS,
Atlanta, Georgia,
HAVE REMOVED TO CLARKE'S BUILDING, No. 15 DECATUR STREET, opposite The H. I. Kimball House, are now fully prepared for the
FALL TRADE,
with one of the large-st and best assorted Stocks of Goods in the South.
Merchants will promote their interests by examining our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.
N. B.—WE ARE PREPARED TO DUPLICATE NEW YORK BILLS.
sep21—d4w1m WILLIAM RICH & CO.

THE STATE FAIR!

$40,000 in Cash Premiums
Will be Distributed among 35,000 Ticket-Holders at
The October State Fair,
IN NASHVILLE.

538 Prizes will be Awarded!

PREMIUMS.

1	First Grand Cash Premium	$15,000
1	Second Grand Cash Premium	10,000
1	Cash Premium	5,000
1	Cash Premium	2,500
1	Cash Premium	1,000
1	Cash Premium	750
1	Cash Premium	500
1	Cash Premium	250
10	Cash Premiums, $100 each, is	1,000
20	Cash Premiums, 50 each, is	1,000
40	Cash Premiums, 25 each, is	1,000
100	Cash Premiums, 10 each, is	1,000
200	Cash Premiums, 5 each, is	1,000
538	Premiums	$40,000

The above distribution will take place at the Fair Grounds, on FRIDAY, October 11, 1872, in the presence of everybody attending the Fair that day.

Tickets Only Three Dollars.

A Season Ticket for $3 secures admission to the Fair for the whole week, and also to a chance in the Drawing.
It is not necessary for a person to attend the Fair to participate in the Drawing.
The Fair will commence October 7, instead of September 23, as heretofore announced, and the Distribution will be on the 11th instead of the 4th. This change is made on account of the meeting of the Cotton Planters Association, which commences September 30.
Tickets bearing date September 30 to October 5, will be good during the week commencing Oct. 7.
For Tickets and Information apply to
J. C. McCOMBY,
General Agent for the Sale of Tickets,
45 Cedar Street, Knoxville, Tenn.
Or to PHILLIPS & CREW,
sep7—d1m Atlanta, Ga.

DR. VAN NORMAN'S
ENGLISH, FRENCH and GERMAN Family and Boarding-School for Young Ladies and Children, New York. Will commence its thirteenth year, September 30, 1872. For full information address
Address D. C. VAN NORMAN,
sep14-d4m—wednes—sat 37 West 45d street, New York.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, Andrew Low, John Wood and John David Hopkins, as Commission Merchants, at Liverpool, in England, under the firm of Isaac Low & Co., and at Savannah, in the State of Georgia, under the firm of Andrew Low & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said Andrew Low.
ANDREW LOW,
JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS.
Dated this 31st day of August, 1872.

MR. ANDREW LOW, as above announced, having retired from the firm of Messrs. Isaac Low & Co., of Liverpool, the business of that firm will be continued at Savannah, under the same firm name, the members being Messrs. John Wood and John H. Hopkins, with James Torrance Wood, who is this day admitted as a partner.
JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS,
JOHN T. WOOD.

Limited Copartnership Notice.

WE, the undersigned, have this day entered into a Limited Copartnership, under the laws of Georgia, to do business at Savannah, Ga., under the firm name of Hopkins & Wood.
The general nature of the business to be transacted is that of COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
John D. Hopkins, of Savannah, Ga., John Wood and James Torrance Wood, of Liverpool, England, are General Partners, and Andrew Low, of Savannah, Ga., is Special Partner.
Said copartnership business commenced on September 1st, 1872, and terminates August 31st, 1874. Andrew Low, as such special partner, has paid into the common stock of the firm one hundred thousand dollars in gold.
JOHN D. HOPKINS,
Savannah, Georgia,
JOHN WOOD,
JAMES TORRANCE WOOD,
Liverpool, England,
ANDREW LOW,
Savannah, Georgia.
Dated this 1st day of September, 1872.
sep7—d3w

CUMMING AND DULUTH
HACK LINE.

J. W. JAMES & CO., are now running for the accommodation of the traveling public a good TWO HORSE HACK, from Cumming to Duluth, on Wednesdays and Fridays, and making close connection with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway. Leave Duluth at 8 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Duluth at 5 o'clock, P. M., in time for the seven train to Atlanta. Leave Duluth at 5 o'clock to connect with mail carriers at Cole's Hotel, in Cumming, at 7 o'clock, P. M.
Careful drivers. Terms moderate.
sep21—dtf

Tommy, Stewart & Beck,
HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
Atlanta, Ga.,

Are now opening a large and well selected stock of Hardware in their New Store, Corner Pryor and Decatur Streets, opposite Kimball House.
Manufacturer's Agents and Dealers in all kinds of
HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, CUTLERY, Tools of all kinds, Builders' and Carriage Material; Agents for
BURT'S SHINGLE MACHINES,
Sycamore Power Company's Rifle and Blasting Powder,
Mill Stones and Bolting Cloths, Proprietors of the Brooks' Cotton and Hay Screw Press.
☞ We are doing a Wholesale Business, and always keep on hand an ample Stock to supply Retail Merchants and Contractors. sep25—d3m

EQUITABLE
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.
WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY R. HYDE, JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Vice Presidents.
Purely Mutual—Dividends Annual
NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL.
Cash Assets, $18,000,000. Annual Income, $8,000,000.
NEW BUSINESS IN 1870 AND 1871,
Larger than that of any other Company in the World!
NEW BUSINESS IN 1872:
One Million Dollars Each Month!
More than for any quarter last year.

Its assets are invested in the most solid securities—			
Real Estate in New York	$ 1,500,000	Cash in Bank	1,500,000
Mortgages on Real Estate	10,000,000	United States Bonds	1,500,000

On all which your Policy is a Mortgage!!
The Dividends for 1872, will be nearly $1,500,000.
July9—d3m

GR
K
ST

ARE FOLLOWING THE GOOD OLD
Democratic Plan
Of doing the greatest amount of good to the greatest number of people, by building up
SOUTHERN TRADE!
And are now offering to the Merchants and Planters,

4,000 bags Yellow Corn,	100 barrels Rye Flour,
2,500 bags Mixed Corn,	Bacon, Lard, S. C. Hams,
2,500 bags Choice White Corn,	50 barrels Whisky,
4,000 bushels Choice Oats,	20 barrels Pure Apple Vinegar,
200 bales Western Hay,	250 bags Virginia Salt,
500 barrels Flour—assorted brands,	1500 boxes Starch—best brands,

100 barrels Hydraulic Cement.
ARE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
"THE HOWARD LIME."
Which is acknowledged to be the very best that is made in the State, and will supply Contractors and Builders at LOWEST PRICES.
Country Produce.
Butter, Eggs, Feathers, Fruits, etc.
Fresh Corn Meal Received Daily.
We are prepared to handle 200,000 BUSHELS WHEAT, and invite Consignments, which shall have our best attention.
STEPHENS & FLYNN,
General Commission Merchants.
Atlanta, Georgia, June 9, 1872.—tf

THE ATLANTIC COAST LINE PASSENGER ROUTE.
RE-ORGANIZED FOR THE SUMMER OF 1872.
DOUBLE DAILY ALL RAIL CONNECTION
VIA
AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON, RICHMOND!
AN ADDITIONAL DAILY CONNECTION VIA
AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON AND PORTSMOUTH,
AND THE
Magnificent Bay Line Steamers.
The equipment of the Roads of this Line is first-class
Pullman Palace Sleeping C

The Daily Constitution.

TIRED MOTHER.

A little elbow leans upon your knee,
Your thin hand, tired, the tear-mark to bear!
A child's dear eyes are closing wearily
From your warm bosom, pillowed there so fair.
Perhaps you fix her head in a velvet touch
Of warm, jacket fingers, folding even tight;
You do not prize this boon coming ever much,
Your almost are too tired to pray to-night.

But it is blissful to! A year ago
I did not see it as I do to-day;
We are so dull and thankless, and too slow
To catch the sunbeam till it slips away.
And now it seems surpassing strange to me,
That, while I were the badge of motherhood,
I did not kiss more oft and tenderly,
The little child that brought me only good.

And if, some night, when you sit down to rest,
You miss this elbow from your tired knee;
This restless, curling head from off your breast,
This lisping tongue that chatters constantly;
If from your own the dimpled hands had slipped,
And ne'er would nestle in your palms again;
If the white face in God's grave had tripped,
I would not blame you for your heartache then!

I wonder so that mothers ever fret
At little children clinging to their gown;
Or that the footprints, which they leave wet,
Are ever black enough to make them frown.
If I could find a little muddy boot,
Or cap, or jacket on my chamber floor;
If I could kiss a rosy, restless foot,
And hear its patter through my home once more:

If I could mend a stocking—sew a-day,
To-morrow make a kite, to reach the sky—
There is no woman in God's world could say
She was more perfectly content than I.
But now, I walk with feet that make no noise,
I never read, for I attain head;
My singing birdling from its nest is flown;
The little boy I used to kiss is dead!

[*From the Atlanta for September.*

A POLISH LADY KNOUTED.

The Official Whipping in Public of Alexandrina Kossowitz—The Penalty of Sympathy With Rebels.

At a gathering of the Poles in the little village of Kernat on the Southern Niemzn, on the 29th of July last, when all thought themselves secure from the intrusion of any of the numerous spies who keep the Russian officials informed of the malcontents among them, Alexandrina Kossowitz, a young lady whose father, the younger son of a formerly noble Polish family, was killed in the recent troubles at Warsaw, expressed her sympathy with the unfortunates whom Russian severity had murdered or sent into exile. The meeting was purely a social one and none dreamed that anything said there would reach the ears of spies, for all present were known to be Poles, and firm haters of the harsh rule under which they then lived. Still, as the young girl, in her passionate remembrances of a father's love, deplored his death, expressed her sympathy with rebellion and her detestation of her oppressors, she was cautioned lest her loud tone would enable people at the window to hear her. With a hasty glance as though to read in the faces of those at her who should betray her, the young lady relapsed into silence. When ten o'clock arrived, the latest hour of Polish gatherings, she promptly departed, and the young lady, accompanied by her affianced, Julian Temensky, went to her home.

If, in passing from the house of the gathering she had been more observant, Alexandrina would have seen the maliciously triumphant glances cast after her by Catherine Merkoff, a woman of about thirty-five, a Pole by birth, and a sympathizer with her unhappy country women whenever her own passion was not concerned, and, from the subsequent proceedings, it seems that in this case she had been superinduced in the affections of the young Dr. Temensky by the more beautiful and younger Alexandrina Kossowitz.

On the following day, shortly after rising, Alexandrina was seized in her own home, a short distance from Kernst, by two Cassacks of the guard at the garrison, and taken before the petty judge.

The young lady of nineteen, handsome and trembling, produced no feeling of pity. Having at first denied the accusation, she was confronted with Catherine Merkoff, and then acknowledged her offense. In passing sentence, the petty judge said that her seditious utterances might have warranted him sending her before a higher tribunal, where the penalty would be death; but in view of her youth and contrition, he should merely order her to receive thirty-five lashes of the knout. Almost benumbed with shame and terror, the girl was led away to be prepared for punishment, for in Russia all sentences save that of death are carried out immediately after they have been pronounced.

Word having been sent to the officer commanding the troops, a guard of two hundred men were ordered into the garrison square, and the executioner of the town was called upon to be ready to carry out the duties of his office. In half an hour after the sentence had been given the troops had been formed in a hollow square, in the centre of which had been placed a scaffold, standing on four legs, the top of which was an inclined plane. Beside this stood the executioner, having in his muscular hand the knout. This weapon consists of a thick handle, two feet long, with a lash four feet long of soft leather, to the end of which is attached, by a loop, a piece of flat raw hide two inches wide and two feet long. In the hands of an experienced man the piece of raw hide can be made to cut like a knife.

As the executioner stood facing the east fold, Alexdrina Kossowitz was brought to him by her guard, and in a few moments her clothing was removed to the waist, despite her almost mute appeals to be spared the shame. As she pleaded she was bent on the plain, her hands strapped to the two upper corners, and her ankles secured at the feet of the structure. One of the executioner's assistants held her head, and the petty judge gave the order for whipping to commence. Twirling the long lash in the air, the executioner stepped suddenly backwards, and with sharp crack the thong fell on the back of the sobbing girl, cutting a livid streak from her right shoulder to her waist. A terrible tremor passed over her, and a low cry escaped her lips, but it was the only sound she uttered, and were it not for the blood which soon commenced to flow, it might have seemed that the whipping was being done on the naked back of a corpse. When the lash had been given the young lady was unfastened, and, with her clothing rudely tossed over her, she was taken to prison, and there, after thanking the Judge for his mercy, according to the necessary formula, she was delivered over to her friends.

Five days afterward, the Gazettsiye Wlina contained this announcement:

"The Polish criminal, Alexandrina Kossowitz (daughter of the rebel, Peter Kossowitz,) who was knouted for seditious utterance on the 30th of July at Kernst, while submitting her lacerations to medical treatment, in the house of the physician, Kenenowsky, died a vial of prussic acid, with which she ended her days."

Hon. Jeff. Davis.

The Louisville Courier-Journal has the following in regard to Hon. Jeff. Davis, who is on a visit to that city relating to his insurance companies:

Mr. Davis looks younger than he did ten years ago. We are told that he is enjoying excellent health, and his appearance in the parlor of the Galt House last night confirmed that report. He is in the sixty-fifth year of his age, yet his step is as firm as that of a young man, and his eye is bright. He had a cane in his hand, but it did not seem to be carried to aid feet for support. His hair is considerably grayed—a medium iron gray in color—and his beard is also tolerably white, though that on the temple is still dark, and apparently but little touched by time.

He wears a full beard, with a closely trimmed moustache, and this possibly aided to make his face appear rounder and fuller than we have seen it in a long time. He is not quite six feet in height, of slender build, and his carriage is erect and graceful, his manner kind and grave, his countenance placid, and his tone clear and round and resonant. His brow is broad and deep, with the phrenological location of the powers of observation fairly developed, and his whole appearance, while not impressing the casual observer with the idea that he is a man of extraordinary powers, still bears the stamp of intellect and force of character. He is not, probably, the man who would be selected by a stranger from among a thousand others as the representative of the extraordinary life that he has led, and the hero of so many and such great vicissitudes, the engineer of the greatest revolution, rebellion—call it which you please—in the annals of history.

☞ General Colquitt delivered a most able, eloquent and argumentative address upon the political issues in the court house yesterday. The address was convincing and effective. We regret that it is impossible to notice it at length. It breathed of patriotism—devotion to principle. We wish every man in the county could have heard it.—*Calhoun Times.*

Sending Letters.

Many Asleep—It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain, but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening; not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterwards into a more pitiable condition than ever (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic stimulant were resorted to), but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experience of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the constitutional fund of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

sept24-deod1w&w1t.

A Distressful Surprise.—Ladies whose faces are clouded by superficial discolorations, and who have resolved to try Hagan's Magnolia Balm as a remedy, have no idea of the welcome surprise they will receive from their mirrors after a few applications of that healthful purifier of the complexion. If at all excitable, they will scream with rapture on beholding the change. Whether the blemish it is desired to remove the sallowness, blotches, pimples, freckles, roughness, or an unnatural pallor, it is bound to disappear under the tonic operation of this wonderful agent. To say that the blemish disappears, does not, however, convey any idea of the effect produced by this celebrated beautifier. The unsightly tinge, whether diffused over the whole countenance or in spots, or patches, is replaced by a uniform, pearly bloom, to which no description can do justice.

sept24-deod1w&w1t.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye has been analyzed by the best chemists in Europe and America, and its harmlessness certified to.

sept24-d1w&w1t.

$1,000 Reward is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for a medicine that will equal it in the cure of all severe cases of "Liver Complaint" and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, as Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, etc.

Blessings brighten as they take their flight. The chief of blessings is good health, without which nothing is worth the having; it is always appreciated at its true value after it is lost, but too often not before. Live properly, and correct ailments before they become seated. For diseases of the liver, kidneys, skin, stomach, and all arising from impure or feeble blood, Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a sure, speedy remedy. It has never yet failed in a single instance. sep18—d&w4w

Bachelors' Hair Dye.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 Bond Street, New York. oct3—d1y

United States Hotel

FOR SALE.

Valuable Atlanta Property.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

AGREEABLE to an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, will be sold before the City Hall, in Atlanta, in the county of Fulton, State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN OCTOBER, NEXT, between the legal hours of sale, the following property, to wit: The Hotel property in the city of Atlanta, formerly known as the United States Hotel, fronting on the

SASSEEN HOUSE,

situated on the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets, in said city, fronting the

Union Passenger Depot.

The lot fronts fifty-eight feet on Alabama street, running back, and also fronting on Pryor street one hundred and sixty-eight feet.

The Hotel is a two story brick building, conveniently arranged for business purposes below, with the hotel accommodations in the second st ry.

Considering the location this is one of the most desirable pieces of property in the city of Atlanta, and presents a rare opportunity for capitalists.

Sold as the property of Jacob Hotenbaugh, late of Fulton county, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs.

Terms—One-half cash, the balance to be paid in first day of January, 1873.

MILTON C. SMITH, Administrator.

August 15th, 1872.

aug23-d7aw-au1fi wfw&forsale1thend1s

"DOMESTIC"

"BEST TO USE."

"EASIEST TO SELL."

S. M. Agents:
It don't pay you to fight the best machine; prove our claims; get the agency and sell it. Address

"DOMESTIC" S. M. Co., 96 Chambers St., N. Y.

Mr. Wm. Dolive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia.

We have several of the late Improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines, Wood and Finwood Machines, for sale at a bargain in exchange of a new powerful sale very cheap.

AGENTS WANTED FOR GOODSPEED'S PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN SOON EVERY CITIZEN WANTS IT

See List for Campaign Outfit, address GOODSPEED'S EMPIRE PUBLISHING HOUSE, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, or New York. July18—d4mwfm

Take Notice!

REMOVAL.

After October 1st, I will remove to No. 3 Dolive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I trust to see all my old customers and many new ones.

Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano.

Also, Agent for the Celebrated Fever Powders for all stock diseases. Thousands of these powders are now being used in the South. Money will be refunded to all who purchase goods amounting to five dollars.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dolive's Opera House Block,
Marietta Street.
After October 1st, 1872.
sep15—2m

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing,

CONCRETE PAVING, Dry and Tinted Sheathing Paper, constantly on hand. Office and Factory, Elliott street, rear of Gas Works.
aug25—dcolim

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	5.00 o'clock, A. M.
Leaves Atlanta	7.15 " P. M.
Arrives at Atlanta	6.40 " P. M.
Arrives at Augusta	5.30 " A. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6.30 " P. M.
Leaves Atlanta	5.00 " P. M.
Arrives at Atlanta	6.45 " A. M.
Arrives at Augusta	6.10 " A. M.

Accommodation Trains.

Leaves Augusta	5 45 P. M.
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45 A. M.
Arrives Atlanta	8 00 A. M.
Arrives Stone Mountain	7 00 P. M.

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta	8.00 A. M.
Leaves Macon	6.30 A. M.
Arrives at Atlanta	2.15 P. M.
Arrives at Macon	7.30 A. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	4.00 P. M.
Leaves Macon	10.00 P. M.
Arrives at Atlanta	6.00 P. M.
Arrives at Macon	5.30 P. M.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	10.00 P. M.
Arrives at Chattanooga	6.05 A. M.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8.30 A. M.
Arrives at Chattanooga	5.35 P. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	6.05 P. M.
Arrives at Atlanta	11.20 A. M.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	7.15 A. M.
Arrives at Atlanta	1.30 P. M.

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta	2.00 P. M.
Arrives at Dalton	10.30 P. M.

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroads.

Leave Atlanta at	2.05 P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	8.30 P. M.
Arrive at Savannah	8.25 A. M.

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	7.15 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston	8.30 A. M.
Leave Kingston	8.30 A. M.
Arrive at Rome	10.00 A. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	8.30 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston	10.00 P. M.
Leave Kingston	10.00 P. M.
Arrive at Rome	11.30 P. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	8:30 A M	8:30 P M
Arrive Chattanooga	4:37 P M	5:23 A M
Arrive Nashville	12:50 A M	1:30 P M
Arrive McKenzie	8:30 A M	8:30 P M
Arrive Memphis	2:10 P M	2:35 A M
Arrive Little Rock		1:30 P M
Arrive Hickman	12:30 P M	12:01 A M
Arrive Union City	10:30 A M	10:30 P M
Arrive Columbus	12:00 noon	12:00 m'd't
Arrive St. Louis	10:15 P M	9:30 A M
Arrive Louisville	8:40 A M	9:55 P M

ALBERT R. WRENN,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leave Griffin	1 00 P M
Arrive at Newnan	2 45 P M
Leave Newnan	3 00 P M
Arrives at Griffin	4 47 A M

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 15 A M
Arrives at West-Point	11 45 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West-Point	3 35 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	7 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 05 P M
Arrives at West-Point	11 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leave West Point	1 10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 50 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Atlanta	6 00 A M
Arrive at End of Track	11 32 A M
Leaves End of Track	3 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7 37 P M

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and court pus to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON

ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at

MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—d1f

S. LEE, J. W. HIGHTOWER.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

Griffin, Georgia.

LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the summer, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the most pleasant route.

BETTER TURNOUTS.

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.

aprl14—d1y

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

HAS still Forty Rooms left, (mostly furnished) for Summer Visitors, for whom every accommodation will be provided, at the Hope and encouraging rates of FIVE DOLLARS per week.

W. R. GLOVER, Proprietor.
W. R. GLOVER, Assistant.
june13—d1f

Divorced.

Mr. [illegible] and [illegible] are [illegible] to collect that I am not now in any way connected with the Plantation Publishing Company, but am employed by W. A. Hemphill & Co., in the BULLETIN. THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE is well adapted to do all kinds of work in the Binding or Printing line, and I shall be glad to have the favor of my friends to follow me.

sept27—d1f WM. R. HAMLETTER.

M. N. ROGERS, W. B. GRUBBS

M. N. ROGERS & CO.,

(Successors to Rogers, Morgan & Grubbs)

Manufacturers and Jobbers,

—OF—

Men's, Boy's and Youths' CLOTHING,

434 and 436 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

DEALERS are invited to inspect our stock. Our TRADE is confined to the COTTON STATES, and Goods are especially adapted to the wants of the South trade.

M. N. ROGERS, late Standard & Rogers, Charleston, S. C.
W. B. GRUBBS, late Grubbs & Co., Atlanta, Ga.
sept1—d1y

Hotels.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. Its coaches meet trains from Macon daily at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this Hotel first-class accommodations. Give him a call. june6—d1f

FAIRBURN HOTEL,

By MRS. E. McLARIN,

Fairburn.....Georgia.

THE Morning Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, breakfast at this House. Three trains daily. may18—d1f

HEARD HOUSE,

LaGrange.....Georgia.

BY GEORGE C. HEARD.

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb6—d1f

CHOICE HOTEL.

Corner Broad and Bridge Streets.

ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city. Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.

dec4—d1f LOUIS A. CLEVE, Clerk.

NEW HOTEL,

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan18—d1f W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS,

TRENTON.....GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21—d1f

ECKLES HOUSE

AND

LIVERY STABLE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

Rates of Board:

Single Meal	50 cents	Per Day	$1 00
Per Week	$5 00	Per Month	20 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
june9—d1f

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

(Near the Court House and Depot)

GADSDEN.....ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$3 00 per day single meals fifty cents. nov19—d1f

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE. J. B. WIMBERLY.

dec3—d1f

SENOIA HOTEL,

SENOIA, GEORGIA,

W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor

may18—d1f

JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,

LINGSTON.....GEORGIA.

june19—d1f

BACON HOUSE,

LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA

JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11—d1f

GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.

Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.

june6—d1f W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

Pratt House,

(Formerly Brown House,)

Cartersville.....Georgia,

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

HACKS in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable.

march5—d1f

Wayside House,

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests together with transportation to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable

A. J. HEALAN & LADY.

feb20—d1f

SASSEEN HOUSE,

(Formerly United States Hotel.)

CORNER ALABAMA AND PRYOR STREETS

Atlanta, Georgia.

E. R. SASSEEN, Agent.....Proprietor

☞ Terms—Transient Boarders, per day, $2. Single meal and lodging, 50 cents, sep20—d1f

Thomaston Hotel,

Thomaston.....Georgia.

THE undersigned having taken charge of the above Hotel, takes pleasure in announcing to the public generally that no effort will be spared to make it a first-class Hotel, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction to all who will favor him their patronage. Rates reasonable.

sep10-d1f H. T. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

BARLOW HOUSE,

AMERICUS, GEORGIA,

WILEY JONES.....Proprietor.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The proprietor flatters himself, from his long experience in the business, that he can and will give general satisfaction. The house is kept open from 6 A. M. to 9 P. M. The Omnibus meets all night trains, and attentive porters are at the depot for the house.

sept20—d1f

Madison House,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Terms to all the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms reasonable. FISHER & MORGAN, Proprietors

apr19—d1f

CONYERS HOTEL,

By D. P. SMITH,

(Successor to J. Thrift.)

THIS HOUSE is within one hundred yards of the Railroad, has been thoroughly repaired and supplied with new furniture. Give him a call and I guarantee to give entire satisfaction

THE PYE HOUSE,

(NEW HOTEL.)

Forsyth, Georgia,

WILLIAM SCARBOROUGH, Proprietor.

Board per Day, $2 50; Day Board, $15 00; Meal and Lodging $25 00.

may26—d1m

McDowell House,

NEWNAN, GA.,

L. P. Thomas, Proprietor.

apr11—d1f

THE TRAMMELL HOUSE,

GAINESVILLE, GA.,

J. C. TRAMMELL & SON,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their new brick hotel, situated within one hundred yards of the Air-Line Depot, and within one hundred yards of the Square, is now open for the reception of guests. The house is new throughout, has been furnished with new furniture, and will be kept at charges as low as the times will admit of. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords. A good Livery Stable is connected to the House, where any description of vehicle can be had, together with good teams and careful drivers.

Hammett House,

JONESBORO.....GEORGIA.

THIS HOTEL, is the regular Eating House on the Macon and Western Railroad, and is conveniently situated for the accommodation of the traveling public. The tables will be supplied with the best fare which the market affords. The Proprietor will leave no pains or expenditure unspared to render guests comfortable. Mrs. Hammett (Proprietress,) is connected with the House, and will be pleased to see her old friends.

The Atlanta Constitution

DEMOCRATIC,

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

—OF—

The State of Georgia.

Published at the Capital of Georgia.

A NEWSPAPER FOR ALL CLASSES.

Merchants, Lawyers, Mechanics and others.

CONTAINS FULL REPORTS OF

Legislative Proceedings,

—ALSO—

Full Supreme Court Reports

—AND—

DECISIONS.

CAPTAIN HENRY JACKSON, Reporter of the Court, being exclusively engaged by THE CONSTITUTION. Every Lawyer in Georgia should take it on this account.

NEWS AND TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES

From all quarters of the Globe, including

MARKETS—DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN.

The Correspondence Department

IS A SPECIALTY.

Letters from Washington,

Political, Literary and Fashion Letters.

No citizen of Georgia should be without the

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE, published at the Capital, the fountain head of Political and General Intelligence.

No family should be without the LOCAL PAPER and OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE GOVERNMENT, issued at the Capital.

Daily, one year	$10 00
Daily, three months	5 00
Weekly, one year	3 00
Weekly, six months	1 00
Clubs of Ten	15 00

Last paper to the getter up.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders received by mail. july26—d1m—feb6m&co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$250 A MONTH easily made with Stencil and Key Check Outfit. Sample Free. Address or call on S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vermont.

TO SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS, male or female. We will furnish you a Machine and employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of goods to start with sent free by mail. Address, with return stamp, M. YOUNG, 16 Chambers st., New York.

RARE CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

AGENTS, we will pay you $40 per week in cash, if you will engage with us at once. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address, P. A. ELLIS & CO., Charlotte, Mich

AGENTS WANTED—for the Lives of

Grant, Greeley,

WILSON, BROWN, and the leading men of all parties. Over 40 Steel Portraits, worth twice the cost of the book. Wanted everywhere. Agents have wonderful success. Send for Circular. Address ZEIGLER & MCCURDY, 318 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa.

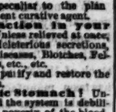
AGENTS WANTED for the Autobiography of

HORACE GREELEY,

The best and only edition written by himself; and for our 1872 CAMPAIGN MANUAL; a book of the times for all parties. Illustrated. One Agent sold 69 in three days. Also, for Headley's Life of President Grant, and splendid Portrait of Candidates. $200 a month made.

E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 805 Broadway, N. Y.

BURNHAM'S WATER



New Turbine is in operation at the Centennial, and at the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free.

N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa.

BALTIMORE FEMALE COLLEGE

Was incorporated as a regular College in 1849, with power to confer degrees. It was liberally endowed by the State of Maryland in 1868, and affords every facility for a thorough and accomplished education. It enjoys the patronage of the Middle, Southern and Western States. Catalogues may be had at this office, or of N. C. BROOKS, LL. D., Pres't., Baltimore, Md.

St. Clair Hotel,

Baltimore, Md.

This new and beautiful Hotel is now OPEN to the public. Located on MONUMENT SQUARE, convenient alike to the business man and the tourist. It is the only hotel in Baltimore embracing elevator, suits of rooms with baths, and all other conveniences.

To accommodate Merchants, Commercial Travelers and others, the rates will be $2 per day for rooms on the fourth and fifth floors, making the difference on account of the elevation. Ordinary transient rates for lower rooms, $3 per day.

Guests desiring to take advantage of the above rates will please notify the clerk before rooms are assigned. An improved elevator for the use of the guests is constantly running, from 6 A. M., until 11, P. M. HARRY H. FOGLE, Manager.

HAS CURED 10,028 CURE WILL CURE

INZA

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH.

For Cure $1, (or Test Sample 25 cents,) by mail, Dr. R. P. HYATT, 946 Grand Street, New York.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN JURUBEBA BLOOD PURIFIER

It is not a physic which may give temporary relief to the sufferer for the first few doses, but which, from its mixed nature belongs Pills and kindred diseases would in weakening the invalid, nor is it a doctored liquor, which, under the popular name of "Bitters" is so extensively palmed off on the public as sovereign remedies, but it is a most powerful Tonic and Alterative, recommended so by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris, and has been long used by the regular physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

retains all the medical virtues peculiar to the plan and must be taken as a permanent curative agent.

Is there want of action in your Liver and Spleen? Unless relieved at once, the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing eruptions or skin diseases, Blotches, Boils, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, etc., etc.

Take JURUBEBA to cleanse, purify and restore the vitiated blood to healthy action.

Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the blood, dropsical tendency, general weakness or inanition.

Take it to assist Digestion without reaction, it will impart youthful vigor to the weary sufferer.

Have you a weakness of the Intestines? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhoea or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.

Take it to allay irritation and ward off tendency to inflammations.

Have you weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You must procure instant relief or you are liable to suffering worse than death.

Take it to strengthen organic weakness or life become undone.

Finally it should be frequently taken to keep the system in perfect health or you are otherwise in great danger of malarial, miasmatic or contagious diseases.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., New York, Sole Agent for the United States.

Price, One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.

SHALER'S PATENT

PARADE TORCH

for the CAMPAIGN of 1872, is a striking novelty in the torch line. The burning fluid being contained in the packing, prevents all danger of dripping and soiling the clothing, and is perfectly safe in handling. By blowing through a tube in the handle

A COLUMN OF FLAME

is thrown three feet into the air, producing a beautiful and startling effect, and illuminating a wide area. This torch is cheaper and handier than any other, and one torch will burn only two or three cents per night.

Manufactured and sold by

S. M. AIKMAN & CO.,
261 Pearl street, New York.
Manufacturers of Ship, R. R and Hand Lanterns.

sep13— feb19-d&w1f

MANSFIELD & BAIRD,

WEST END JEWELERS,

1416 Chestnut Street,

Philadelphia,

WOULD call the attention of parties visiting Philadelphia to their large assortment of

Diamonds and fine Gold Jewelry

OF RICH DESIGNS.

Bridal Outfits in

SOLID SILVER WARE, Etc.

which we are offering at prices to suit the times. Also,

Fine Watches

of every make for presentation, etc.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders received by mail. july27—d1m—feb6m&co.

"THE FARMERS' CHOICE"

FERTILIZER.

Containing the elements of plant food in the most natural proportions.

It is perfectly deodorized, quick in action, permanent in effect and unsurpassed in mechanical condition.

MANUFACTURED BY

C. H. Stockell & Co., Nashville, Tenn

FOR SALE BY

ANDERSON & WELLS

No. 20 Alabama Street,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

Shepard, Baldwin & Co.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

LIQUORS AND TOBACCOS,

No. 11 Decatur Street,

Opposite Kimball House,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

GEORGIA STATE FAIR,

Atlanta, 1872.

To Begin Monday, October 14th,

And Close Saturday, October 19th.

A GRAND EXHIBITION MAY BE EXPECTED

Of the Products, Implements, and Processes

Of Agricultural, Mechanical and Manufacturing Industry.

Of Invention and Art. Of Stock, Etc., Etc.

No pains will be spared to make this the most INSTRUCTIVE FAIR ever held in Georgia.

For Premium Lists and other particulars, address

sept7—2td SAM'L BARNETT, Secretary, Atlanta, Ga.

The Scofield Rolling Mill Company

MANUFACTURERS OF

Merchant & Bar Iron, Fish Bar, Spikes, Bolts, Nuts, etc.

LARGE STOCK constantly on hand, and orders promptly filled.

Re-Rolled Iron Rails,

Warranted equal to any made.

A limited quantity of NEW RAILS made on short notice.

Southern Railroad Men

Are especially invited to call at our Works and examine the quality of our RAILS and the way they are manufactured. Capacity of the Works,

15,000 TONS PER ANNUM.

We are now making about half this quantity

Office and Warehouse at the Works.

E. SCOFIELD, Jr., Secretary. L. SCOFIELD, President and Treasurer.
aug11-d1tillja1 ATLANTA, GA., August 16, 1872.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

VIA

CHARLESTON, S. C

TO AND FRO